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Editor: TED R. LURIE
Head Office: 20 Keren Hayesod, Jerusalem, P.O.Box 81, Tel. 4253. Tel Aviv: 32 Rehov Mahlin Bergmann, P.O.Box 180, Tel. 64251/2. Haifa: 16 Rehov Herzl, Tel. 4504/5.
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WATCH FOR THE EVENTS of the Women's League for Israel in AUGUST

THE JERUSALEM POST

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PAY TALKS STILL AHEAD

THE impression is current among the public that the decision of the Histadrut to claim an increase in the cost-of-living allowance constitutes the final step in the arduous negotiations that have taken place on this subject.

Negotiations in fact have not properly begun. What has happened is that the Histadrut has formulated the claims that it will submit, on behalf of Israel's workers, to the employers, represented by the Manufacturers' Association. Mr. Becker states that the registered members of the Association employ only a fraction of Israel's wage earners. Nevertheless they speak on behalf of Israel's employers in general, since the agreement negotiated by the Labour Department of the Association and the Trade Union Department of the Histadrut constitutes in practice the basis on which wage levels and conditions of work are determined up and down the country.

It is true that the major battle has always been fought in the past — as on the present issue — between the political parties that constitute the Executive Council of the Histadrut. Mapai has sought to find a compromise between the excessive wage demands of the left-wing parties and the need to protect the nation's economy against renewed inflation. The overwhelming power of the organized worker in all wage negotiations with the employers makes it imperative that the Histadrut's demands be moderate, since the trade unions are capable of imposing their decisions on the Manufacturers' Association if they wish.

Yet the employers have something to say even when the Histadrut has achieved its compromise and resolved on the stand that it will take. It does not seem that the present adjustment requested in the cost-of-living allowance will impose a heavy burden on the industrialists. The total bill for the whole allowance, if it is demanded in full right away, comes to IL36m. — and of this IL18m. will be payable in the present fiscal year. Of the latter sum, only IL4m.-IL5m. involves industry, and some of this will be defrayed by diminished obligations under company tax. It can be expected, therefore, that the Manufacturers' Association will not consider the Histadrut's claims beyond discussion, especially if the burden is lightened further by payments in instalments over a longer period.

On the other hand, the demands of the Histadrut are different from previous claims of this type, because an agreement was signed between the employers and the trade union movement stating precisely what rise in the consumers' price index would rate an increase in the allowance. That rise in the index has not occurred. There is a moral case for raising the allowance, since it has not been changed for two years although prices have risen to within a small fraction of the amount necessary to require the increased allowance. Yet no legal obligation exists under the agreement to raise the allowance; and a contract is a contract.

The Manufacturers' Association speaks not only for those who have sizeable businesses which raise handsome profits from the local market. It speaks also for the small manufacturer struggling to make both ends meet, and for the exporter who finds difficulty in matching the uncompromising level of world prices. The workers will have to study the employers' case carefully. The Manufacturers' Association are entitled to recommend that no employer pay the increased allowance prematurely. All decisions must await the negotiations that are to begin between the two representative bodies. The sooner they begin, the better.

U.S. to Reinforce Military Command

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — President Eisenhower, whose defence policy has recently come under fire from his own party, yesterday announced a big reinforcement of U.S. military command to meet changing Communist tactics.

More aircraft carriers will be sent to the Sixth Fleet in the Mediterranean and the Seventh Fleet in the Far East, and the "tempo of operation of the Strategic Air Command will be increased and its deployment further dispersed," he told Congress in a special message.

The free world still faced a "Communist imperialism" aimed at world conquest, and "Communist truculence" had intensified in the past few weeks, Mr. Eisenhower said.

"Indeed, the Soviet dictator has talked loosely and irresponsibly about a possible missile attack on the U.S."

The President asserted that "this nation's military power is second to none and will be kept that way."

"The Communists continue to exploit situations of unrest, flagrantly striving to turn to their ends the struggles and hopes of peoples for a better world.

"These Communist efforts have recently reached new extremes in Central Africa. All of us know about Cuba."

The President, in calling on the Congress to pass his foreign aid programme, said he was requesting a $100m. increase in the appropriation for the contingency fund of the Mutual Security Programme.

For Emergencies

"This increase is needed to keep America poised for sudden developments, such as those in the Congo, where a U.S. airlift and other efforts were needed suddenly and critically," he said.

Mr. Eisenhower also requested an authorization of $600m. for the special Latin American aid programme which he announced last month his administration was formulating. He said his request for this authorization was urgent, as he wished the programme to be submitted for discussion at the economic conference of the American Republics opening in Bogota, Colombia, on September 5.

In addition, the President announced that, the U.S. will next month present to the U.N. General Assembly a plan whereby the U.S. and other "fortunate nations" could make greater use of agricultural surpluses to help feed the world's hungry people.

Home Legislation

President Eisenhower's 2,500-word special message also contained a number of recommendations concerning domestic legislation.

He said that only six of 27 measures which he had previously cited as being necessary, had been enacted.

Among the measures he now listed were Federal assistance for construction of college and school facilities; assistance for the aged in case of illness; a moderate increase of the present one dollar an hour minimum wage; Liberalization of the immigration laws, and measures to meet existing farm problems where surpluses are continuing to mount.

The President called on the Senate also to ratify the Antarctic Treaty, which was signed by the U.S. and 11 other nations last year to bar military activity from the South Polar continent and preserve it for scientific research.

The President included in his message a warning to Congress that any additional spending programmes passed by the Democratic majority must be accompanied by provision for additional taxes to pay the bill.

OAS to Discuss U.S.-Cuba Feud

WASHINGTON (Reuter). —The Council of the Organization of American States (OAS) agreed yesterday that tensions in the Caribbean and the threat of outside intervention in the Western hemisphere should be discussed by their Foreign Ministers in Costa Rica later this month.

The Council approved a four-point agenda including these items. Observers said the agenda, in effect, provided for discussion of the Cuban-U.S. dispute.

Cuba voted against three of the agenda items and abstained on the fourth. The other 20 representatives voted in favour of each item.

Venezuela First

The Foreign Ministers meeting will follow a separate meeting in Costa Rica, beginning on August 16, to deal with a Venezuelan-Dominican Republic dispute. No definite date has been set for the second conference.

A U.S. memorandum to the OAS said Cuba was linking herself economically to the Sino-Soviet bloc by "hostile and discriminatory economic and financial actions."

The U.S. State Department yesterday described the seizure of American properties in Cuba as discriminatory and arbitrary, and said a formal protest was being made to the Havana Government.

It said in a statement that the nationalization action was "another step in a calculated plan to destroy the economic benefits" which the private American enterprises had brought to the Cuban people.

Charge against U.S.

Mr. Carlos Lechuga, the Cuban representative objecting to the agenda, proposed an additional item calling for "solidarity of American states against the continuation of the aggression directed against them by the U.S. Government and the threats of actual intervention by that Government into member countries of the Latin American community."

He also suggested the inclusion of an item which would provide for joint Latin American defence in the face of "cases of economic and military aggression perpetrated by the Government of the U.S."

The U.S. had committed aggression by suspending petrol shipments to Cuba, cutting the Cuban sugar quota and applying pressure to other countries not to sell Cuba aircraft while planes flew daily from Florida to bomb Cuban sugar fields, Mr. Lechuga said.

'Pravda' Castigates Both U.S. Parties

MOSCOW (UPI). — "Pravda" yesterday condemned the platforms of both major American political parties as "the self-same brand of spiritual depravity and ideological crisis of American imperialism."

The organ of the Soviet Communist Party said the foreign policy platforms agreed on at recent conventions "promise nothing to the U.S. ruling quarters but new disastrous failures."

Girl Killed By Train Near Haifa

HAIFA. — Thirteen-year-old Shula Shirazi was instantly killed by a passenger train yesterday as she was crossing the tracks near Kfar Samir, nine kms. south of here.

The girl, who was apparently on the way to the beach, approached the tracks over an unguarded foot path. The accident occurred at 12:30 in the afternoon.

The General Manager of the Railways, Mr. M. Savidor, reported yesterday that during the past fortnight, reckless drivers broke through the wooden barriers at level crossings near Zichron Ya'acov and Herzliya in order to cross the tracks before an approaching train. The light wooden barriers, automatically lowered to halt traffic, were easily broken by the impact of a car.

Police Hurt in N.Y. Negro Rally

NEW YORK (AP). — A street-corner meeting sponsored by the United Sons and Daughters of Africa in Brooklyn, erupted into a battle in which two white policemen were beaten by about 30 Negroes, police reported.

Police said the meeting was held Sunday night to recruit Negroes to go to Africa to fight for their race.

A radio appeal for help for the two policemen brought about a dozen more who quickly subdued the crowd.

Five Negroes were arrested.

Meir Calls for Greater Soviet Response to Reuniting Families

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

Foreign Minister Golda Meir yesterday expressed the hope that the Government of the U.S.S.R. would "reveal a greater measure of understanding and readiness to solve the tragic human problem of the reunion of families."

She was replying in the Knesset to a question by Mr. Hersi Berger (Mapai), who asked her to comment on the statement by Premier Khrushchev, at a press conference in Vienna July 8, that the files of the Soviet Foreign Ministry contain no petitions by Jews wanting to immigrate to Israel.

Mrs. Meir said that thousands of residents of Israel appeal incessantly to the Israel Government, urgently seeking help to bring their kin from the Soviet Union.

The situation of these families was the tragic outcome of the disasters of the War and the Nazi holocaust, which destroyed and dispersed families that had been saved from Nazi extermination.

In the last five years, residents of Israel have sent their relations in the Soviet Union, at the latters' request, 9,526 summonses asking their relatives to join them in Israel.

This type of request is required by the Soviet authorities from every person who submits an application to go to his family in Israel. Each such summons was presented with respect to a whole family, so that this number involved many thousands of individuals, Mrs. Meir said.

Only a few out of this total had as yet had the good fortune to be united with their families in Israel.

"We have many replies in our possession from the Soviet Red Cross to petitions from Israel residents to intercede with the Soviet authorities with a view to enabling the reunion of relations with their families in Israel. The replies are in almost stereotyped form: that the competent Soviet institutions did not see sufficient reason to grant the application."

The Foreign Minister said the Ministry knew of tragic cases of separation of children from parents, of husbands from wives, of aged parents who, after 15 years of separation, are longing to reach their kin in Israel. "All our handling of numerous such cases has failed to elicit response or understanding from the Soviet Union," she said.

Knesset Passes Move to Grant Eichmann Foreign Advocate

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Amendment to the Advocates Ordinance which was prepared by the Government in order to enable Adolf Eichmann to appoint a defence counsel from abroad, passed its first reading in the Knesset yesterday. The vote was unanimous.

While the amendment itself is couched in general terms, the explanatory remarks mention that the necessity for the amendment arose in connection with the Eichmann case.

The amendment states that the Minister of Justice... may permit a person, other than an Israel national, who is charged with an offence punishable by death, to appoint for himself a defence counsel whose name is not inscribed on the roll of advocates.

The bill was presented by Justice Minister Pinhas Rosen, who spoke for less than three minutes. He did not mention Eichmann by name, but said the practical aim of the amendment was set forth in the explanatory remarks.

The only Member who requested the right to speak was Dr. Moshe Sneh (Communist). All other parties had earlier agreed to waive debate.

Dr. Sneh said his faction had not been approached by the Government, as had the other factions. Later they had been approached by two Knesset factions, but they had seen no weighty reason for not conducting a debate.

He supported the amendment, even if the purpose was merely not to give anybody an opportunity to charge that Eichmann was not being given a fair chance to defend himself.

The Knesset need not fear that some Member would make an anti-Nazi speech, Dr. Sneh said. On the contrary, it should not pass up an opportunity to state again and again why the trial was necessary and to awaken the conscience of the world. In any case, he did not see what harm he had done by speaking.

In a reply that was even briefer than his opening remarks, Mr. Rosen asserted that Dr. Sneh's speech had been superfluous. If it had done no damage, neither had it served any purpose. The other parties had simply agreed that this bill should not be used as the occasion for a political debate.

India Abandons Plans To Buy Soviet Crude

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — India has abandoned plans to import crude oil from the Soviet Union for the time being, Mr. K.D. Malaviya, Minister of Mines and Oil, said in Parliament yesterday.

Replying to questions in the Lower House, he said the Soviet Union had offered to supply crude oil, but the existing capacity of Indian refineries did not permit refining additional quantities for a few more years.

(Three Western oil companies, Standard Vacuum, Caltex and Burma Shell, had earlier declined to refine Soviet crude oil at their refineries in India.)

Last month India signed an agreement with the Soviet Union to import 1.5 million tons of Soviet petroleum products over the next four years at "substantially lower prices" than those offered by Western oil companies.

With regard to crude oil, Mr. Malaviya told the House that three Western companies had reduced prices by about 11 per cent.

5 Die as Landslide In Alps Crushes Car

BERNE (UPI). — An Alpine rockslide thundered down a mountainside on Sunday night and killed all five occupants of a car driving over the scenic Susten Pass.

Police said the car was demolished and set afire. All five persons either died instantly or were burned alive in the wreckage.

Nehru Refuses to Probe Israel Jet Incident

NEW DELHI (AP). — Prime Minister Nehru yesterday rejected a Communist request that he inquire into the manufacture of Israel jet fighters which flew near his plane in May this year when he visited the Gaza Strip.

Communist Members of Parliament also urged an investigation into the nationalities of the pilots flying both planes.

Mr. Nehru replied curtly: "It is none of our concern where they were manufactured and who were the pilots." He said the U.N. Secretary-General had since conveyed to him his regrets at the incident, and "we consider it closed."

The Communists asked if the pilots were aware of Mr. Nehru's presence in a U.N. plane. The Prime Minister replied: "It is likely they knew I was in the plane because it might have been published in the papers, but the incident had not much to do with me but with the general situation there — the very strained relations between Israel and Arab countries."

He said there had been no communication with Jerusalem on this incident.

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Dag Insists Belgium Quit Now; Warns of World War Danger

Plan Joint African Army

ACCRA.—President Kwame Nkrumah of Ghana and Prime Minister Patrice Lumumba of the Congo announced here yesterday they had agreed with other independent African states to set up a combined high command of military forces to bring about a "speedy withdrawal" of Belgian troops from the Congo if the U.N. failed to effect this.

They also said they had agreed to issue invitations to a summit conference of independent African states to be held in Leopoldville, the Congo capital, from August 25 to 30.

Mr. Lumumba arrived here Sunday night on his way back to Leopoldville from a visit to the U.S. and a number of independent African states. He returned to the Congo capital last night.

The communique issued after his talks with President Nkrumah also said the two African leaders plan to work "for the establishment of a union of African states with a view to liberating the whole continent of Africa from colonialism and imperialism."

Meanwhile, the leaders of Guinea and the Sudan yesterday called for immediate and resolute action for the implementation of the Security Council's resolution on the Congo.

'U.N. Discredited'

President Sekou Toure of Guinea said in a message to Mr. Hammarskjold that the turn of events in the Congo threatened to "discredit the authority" of the U.N. He urged the Secretary-General to ensure measures which would provide for the complete evacuation of Belgian troops from the Congo.

The new message followed one on Saturday in which Mr. Toure said he insisted on the immediate employment of Guinea troops in Katanga.

In Khartoum, the Sudanese President, Gen. Ibrahim Abboud, told African Ambassadors to the Sudan that a meeting of the African Foreign Ministers should be convened to discuss measures for solving the Congo crisis. The action came after Gen. Abboud received a cable from President Nkrumah asking for African military intervention in the Congo.

In Dar-es-Salaam yesterday, Mr. Julius K. Nyerere, President of the African National Union, the leading party in Tanganyika, denied that he had agreed to Federate with Katanga.

He described reports from Brussels that talks had been taking place between himself and Katanga leaders as "the fabrications of the desperate."

In Leopoldville, capital of Congo, hundreds of Bakongo tribesmen shouting "down with Lumumba" demonstrated yesterday under the watchful eyes of heavily-armed Ghanaian and Swedish U.N. forces and Congolese police.

Calling for confederation as the solution to the Congo crisis, they demanded an autonomous Bakongo State between Leopoldville and the Sea.

The Belgian news agency, Belga, reported yesterday that another Congo Province — the Kasai — had broken away from the central government and was planning to set up its own regional rule.

The agency said fierce fighting had broken out again between Baluba and Lulua tribesmen. The provincial capital, Luluabourg, looked from the air like a "sea of flames" and provincial ministers were in flight.

A Swiss pilot with the U.N. is quoted assaying: "The Balubas are leaving the city, and setting fire to their homes. Luluas are attacking them at the same time. The most horrible murders are taking place there, and disembowelling and chopping off the limbs are just some of the horrors."

In Elisabethville, capital of break-away Katanga, Premier Tshombe was elected "head of state" by 53 votes to nil, with six abstentions, at yesterday's session of the Provincial Assembly. The Cabinet is to meet today to choose a successor as Prime Minister. *(Reuter, UPI, AP)*

Wigny Asks Safety Guarantee

UNITED NATIONS. — Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold warned the U.N. Security Council yesterday that there was danger of world war if the Council failed to resolve the Congo crisis. He called for immediate and unconditional withdrawal of Belgian forces from the Congo, including Katanga province, and entry of U.N. forces.

Tunisia and Ceylon later submitted a resolution calling on Belgium to comply immediately with the Secretary-General's demands.

The Tunisia-Ceylon resolution affirmed that the U.N. forces will not be a party to internal conflicts in the Congo.

The Belgian Foreign Minister, M. Pierre Wigny, told the Council his country will withdraw its forces completely from Katanga as soon as protection is guaranteed "one way or another" to Belgian nationals in that province.

The Belgian garrisons in Katanga total 1,700 men and "provide security for 20,000 of our nationals," he said.

As soon as the Secretary-General offered the guarantees necessary, "we shall withdraw," he said, adding that as long as they were in Katanga, Belgian troops would offer no resistance to U.N. troops.

Russia's Demand

In a surprise move, Mr. Vasily Kuznetsov, Soviet First Deputy Foreign Minister, introduced a draft resolution which would state that Belgium had "flagrantly violated" Council decisions calling for the speedy removal of Belgian troops and respect for the territorial integrity of the African Republic.

He proposed that the Council give Mr. Hammarskjold three days in which to report that Belgian troops had totally withdraw from the Congo.

Mr. Bomboko, Congolese Foreign Minister making his first appearance in the Council, said earlier that although the Congolese people showed a continued impatience, this should not be interpreted as mistrust, unless it was mistrust addressed to Belgium which ought to give obedience to U.N. decisions.

He said that resistance in Katanga had been provoked and maintained by the Belgian Government and it could not be justified juridically, politically or militarily.

The forces now opposing the U.N. entry into the province were Belgian forces supported by Katanganese forces and police, the whole under a Belgian general.

The U.S. Ambassador, Mr. Henry Cabot Lodge, told the Council that "the time has come for Belgium's withdrawal at the earliest possible moment under arrangements to be worked out by the Secretary-General for the preservation of law and order."

He said, the U.S. considers that the Katanga authorities "have no grounds for opposing the U.N. entry . . . nor will Belgium have any reason longer to postpone its withdrawal . . ."

Mr. Hammarskjold set out his warning in blunt words.

On warning that the Congo problem was "a question of peace or war," he added: "I do not limit my perspective to the Congo."

In unusually strong language, for him, he also urged the 11-member Council to seek solutions which would keep "foreign elements" out of the Congo and head off "conflicts extraneous to the African world."

Looking wan and drawn under his tan, and showing the effects of lack of sleep as he had wrestled with Congo problems for almost a month, the Secretary-General demanded the "complete and unconditional" withdrawal of all Belgian troops from the Congo as "speedily" as possible.

He said their presence was now "the main cause of continued danger," and it should "be possible immediately" to get the withdrawal of the Belgian forces "in hand."

He made clear that he wanted Belgian troops withdrawn from all of Katanga Province, including the base of Kamina.

Once such a pullout can be foreseen, he declared, "methods and timetables are practical matters which must be considered in the light of, for example, the fact that a Congolese population of some 15,000 economically depends on the Kamina base. Therefore, with the return of Belgian troops from the base to Belgium, immediate arrangements must be made by the U.N. for the maintenance of this big population."

Asking for more explicit authorization to act, Mr. Hamarskjold said:

"The Council should, for

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 4)

SOVIET APPOINT TOP PLANNER AS ENVOY

LONDON (UPI). — Russia has appointed as Ambassador to Congo Mr. Mikhail Yakoviev, hitherto Prime Minister and Foreign Minister of the Russian Federation, and formerly Deputy Chairman of the State Planning Commission of the Soviet Union.

Nine Arab Envoys Discuss Iran

CAIRO (AP). — Diplomatic representatives of nine Arab States met yesterday in a special session of the Arab League Council to discuss the question of Iran's recognition of Israel.

Representatives of the Algerian Rebel "Government" and "Palestine Arabs" also attended, but Tunisia was absent.

The UAR convened the meeting to obtain support for its decision to break off relations with Iran because of its announced refusal to withdraw its *de facto* recognition of Israel. Iraq, Jordan and Lebanon have opposed the UAR action.

The matter will be discussed again on August 22, when the Arab Foreign Ministers confer in Beirut.

Jordan Seizes Ba'th Leader

AMMAN (Reuter). — Prime Minister Haz'a Majali announced yesterday that Jordan security forces on Sunday night had arrested Bahjat Abu Gharbieh, key leader of the dissolved Ba'th Party.

Abu Gharbieh, who fled to Syria in 1957 after being sentenced by a military court for stirring up riots in the Old City of Jerusalem, later re-entered Jordan.

Majali said that Abu Gharbieh was a close friend of Abdullah Rimawi, a former State Minister, and General Ali Nawar, former Chief of Staff of the Jordan Army, who fled Jordan and were sentenced *in absentia* for having plotted to overthrow the Hussein regime in 1957.

TWO KENYA MINISTERS COMING TO ISRAEL

NAIROBI (Reuter). — Kenya's Minister for Labour, Mr. Ronald Ngala, and the Minister for Commerce and Industry, Dr. J. G. Kiano, will leave for Israel Sunday for a two-week visit.

They have been invited by the Israel Government and the Weizmann Institute of Science to attend the international conference on Science in the Advancement of New States, to be held from August 15 to 30.

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Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday entertained to luncheon the Minister of Finance, Mr. Levi Eshkol, and his daughter, Ofra.

Mr. Ben-Zvi yesterday received the Minister of Health, Mr. Y. Barzilai.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben-Zvi on Sunday received Mr. Gideon Rafael, Assistant Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, and Mrs. Rafael.

The Knesset Speaker, Mr. Kadish Luz, yesterday received Mr. Baron Snider, Australian M.P. from the State of Victoria.

The Burmese Ambassador and Mrs. Hla Maung held a reception at their home in Ramat Gan yesterday in honour of Colonel Maung Maung, Colonel Tun Stin and Major Maung Munh. Among the guests were the Chief-of-Staff, Rav-Aluf Haim Laskov; O/C Air Force, Aluf Ezer Weizmann; Mr. Aharon Remez, of the Foreign Ministry; Mr. Aharon Becker, Acting Secretary-General of the Histadrut, and members of the diplomatic corps.

The former Mayor of Rangoon, Col. Tun Stin, yesterday called on the Mayor of Tel Aviv, Mr. Mordechai Namir.

The Dew Wood, formerly known as the Wood of the Forty, was formally dedicated yesterday as the first stage in the creation of a 300-dunam national park near Kibbutz Dafne, in Upper Galilee. Among those present were Mr. Teddy Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, and 92 J.N.F. contributors and fund raisers from Great Britain.

The General Council of the Standards Institute has elected Prof. Ernst D. Bergman as its chairman, and Messrs. Arye Lichtenstein and Shmuel Rozenkrans as Vice-Chairmen.

Fifteen Zionist key-workers from the U.K., Australia, Canada and Holland, now participating in a three-week seminar under the auspices of the Jewish Agency's Organization Department, were guests at a reception given by the British Zionist Federation's Israel Office on Saturday night.

Mr. J.M. McMillan, the Australian Minister, will be the guest of honour and speaker at a luncheon of the Anglo-Israel Chamber of Commerce, Tel Aviv, to take place at 1.15 p.m. today at the Z.O.A. House.

The World Wizo Executive will hold a reception for the Chief Rabbi of Congo, Rabbi Moshe Levi, today, August 9, 1960, at 5 p.m. at the Tel Aviv Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon. Friends and Wizo members from Congo and South Africa are cordially invited.

The annual Amos Lev Journalism Prize will be awarded at a ceremony at Beit Sokolow, in Tel Aviv, this afternoon, which will also mark the publication of the Journalists' Yearbook.

BIRTH

To Dalia (née Darviah) and Haim Herzog, a daughter, at Hakirya Maternity Hospital, Tel Aviv, August 8, 1960.

PROPAGANDA. — The Thai postal authorities in Bangkok yesterday renewed their warning against use of the mails to spread Communist propaganda and said such documents would be seized and destroyed. The warning was issued in the wake of seizures of Communist material late last week in several Bangkok printing establishments, and arrests of seven persons as propagandists.

LYDDA FLIGHTS

TUESDAY

All Times Local Time

ARRIVALS: El Al 404 from Rome — 1750. El Al 202 from New York and Paris — 1730. T.W.A. 820 from Chicago, New York, Paris, Rome and Athens — 1850. B.E.A. 126 from London, Rome and Athens — 2030. Air France 132 from Paris, Rome and Athens — 2145. El Al 424 from Brussels and Zurich — 0030 (Wednesday).

DEPARTURES: El Al 403 to Rome — 0230. El Al 423 to Zurich and Brussels — 0830. Cyprus Air. 33 to Nicosia, Ankara, Istanbul, Rome and London — 0830. Alitalia 451 to Rome — 0930. Olympic 603 to Athens — 0900. Swissair 193 to Athens and Zurich — 0930. K.L.M. 528 to Munich and Amsterdam — 1100. El Al 206 to Rome, Paris and New York — 1530. Cyprus Air. 37 to Nicosia, Athens, Munich and London — 2210.

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Seoul's First Free Assembly Meets

SEOUL (Reuter). — About 300 students brandishing placards against "counter-revolutionary elements" picketed the main street here yesterday as the South Korean National Assembly met to introduce parliamentary government for the first time in the country's history.

Nearly 600 policemen cordoned off the two Assembly buildings to prevent disturbances and all traffic to the capitol avenue was blocked. The placards referred to Liberal or former Liberal members of the Assembly under the ousted President Syngman Rhee.

The House of Representatives elected Mr. Kwak Sang-hoon, 64-year-old Democratic Party member, as its speaker. He is a supporter of Mr. John Chang, leader of one of the two rival factions in the Democratic party. Dr. Lee Yung Joon, a supporter of the anti-Chang faction, was elected Deputy Speaker.

Within the next five days, a combined session of the two houses must elect the new President of the Republic, and the President must nominate a Prime Minister. Within two days after the nomination, the House of Representatives alone will vote to confirm the Prime Minister in office.

S. AFRICA'S GROWING SENSE OF ISOLATION

CAPE TOWN (Reuter). — A growing sense of isolation in a hostile world has become the dominant political factor in South Africa today, and is being increasingly reflected in the English and Afrikaner press and in speeches of the country's politicians.

The idea of having their "backs to the wall" at the southern tip of the continent, with the tide of African nationalism rising steadily, is a nasty feeling for most South Africans, who see the white man's predominance in Africa shrinking practically daily.

Following the London talks on Nyasaland and the agreement to give Africans a clear majority in the legislature for the first time, many South Africans, it seems to observers here, are prepared for the break-up of the Rhodesian Federation in the not too distant future, and with it the breaching of another bulwark against "Black Africa."

These are storm clouds on the horizon. But coupled with Ghana's all-out social and economic boycott, the turmoil in the Congo and the threat that by declaring itself a republic South Africa will cut itself off from its Commonwealth advantages, they have brought anxiety to a peak.

Many white South Africans, who are convinced of the need for a radical change in the Union's race policies, consider these developments as proof that time is running dangerously short.

NEGROES 'KNEEL-IN' AT ALL-WHITE CHURCHES

ATLANTA, Georgia (Reuter). — Negro students here have begun a new type of demonstration against racial segregation—a "kneel-in" instead of a "sit-in."

A total of 25 college students, including a few whites, spread out on Sunday among a number of Atlanta churches and took part in services at six whose congregations are normally all-white.

This new anti-segregation move came in the wake of many demonstrations throughout the Southern states in recent months in which Negroes have quietly sat at segregated lunch counters and in restaurants, and even libraries, asserting their right to have service.

No trouble was reported at any of the churches, of various denominations, where the Negroes joined the services.

1,000 Tibetans a Month Flee to India

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — More than 3,000 Tibetan refugees entered India during April, May and June this year, Mrs. Lakshmi Menon, Deputy External Affairs Minister, told a questioner in the Upper House yesterday.

Nearly 25,000 Tibetan refugees are believed to have entered India since the outbreak of the Lhasa revolt in March last year.

Mrs. Menon, also told Parliament that Indian traders in the Tibetan trade centre of Yatung were "facing increasing difficulties."

Phone Complaints Sent to Expert

Several indefatigable telephone subscribers, determined to "get in on the ground floor," have sent their complaints against the phone service directly to the Swiss telecommunications expert engaged by the Post Office to investigate equipment in the light of subscribers' grievances.

The expert, Mr. Emil Frey, began his study a fortnight ago, and expects to finish in about a month's time, it is learned.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Opiatka, Jaffa Road, Mahane Yehuda, 4021.
TEL AVIV: Avramski, 42 Allenby, 65526. Frankel, 28 King George, opp. Gan Meir, 23721. Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda, 23873. Yani, 67 Yehuda Halevi, 63474.
JAFFA: Versano, 340 st. near the clock, 81793. **BAT YAM:** Bat Yam, 45 Balfour. **PETAH TIKVA:** Havatzkos, 24 Stamper, 911936. **RAMAT GAN:** Hamagen, 30 Bialik, 73674. **REHOVOT:** Barak, 135 Herzl, 95-1566. **HERZLIYA:** Briut. **NATANYA:** Hanassi.
HAIFA: Joseph, 31 Joseph, 4014.
EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS
JERUSALEM: Dr. Weiss, 19 Usishkin, 2581. Dr. Zepler, Mahane Allenby, Ma'on Academaim 2939. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
TEL AVIV: Dr. Eisen, 5 Shimshon, 25748. Dr. Garman, 25 Frishman corner 30 Syrkin. Dr. Weiss, 73 Dizengoff, 27027. Dr. Mahler, 59 Arlosoroff, 51900. Dr. Simon, 43 Keren Kayemet, 51374.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 3 Hanaziim, 9456.

Where to go

Meet the Israeli

Many Israelis come to our offices to offer home hospitality to visitors from foreign countries.

IF YOU would like to accept their hospitality and meet an Israel family with interests similar to yours, drop in at one of our offices, or phone, and they'll do the rest.

Jerusalem — 60 King George Ave., Tel. 3430.
Tel Aviv — 7 Mendele St. Tel. 2320.
Haifa — 2 Balfour St. Tel. 665521.

— JERUSALEM —

• Tours: —
Spend a morning with Hadassah on a conducted tour starting 9 a.m. Book for this tour by phoning 4061, Hadassah Club, Straus Health Centre.

Hebrew University: Conducted tour in English, at 11 a.m. daily. Downstairs Lobby, Wise Auditorium, University Campus.

Yad Vashem: Martyrs and Heroes Memorial Authority, Har Hazikaron. Conducted tour (English) of the buildings and exhibitions, daily 11 a.m.

• Film Shows: —
Israel films — daily showings, Keren Hayesod Hall, 13-1 p.m.

• Exhibitions: —
"Kitchen Exhibition" — Max Bressler Artisan Centre, Rehov Bezalel, 10-1, 4-8. Admission free.

Artists House: Works by Iceland's foremost painters. Paintings by Paul Kerner and Dov Ben-David, 10-1, 4-7.

Safrai Art Gallery, 37 Jaffa Rd. Tel. 63787. Paintings by Jona Mach, I. Aschheim, Z. Raphaeli, Josef Stern, Fima, Dublon, Rakia. Purchases mailed upon request.

"Israel Today" permanent exhibition, Binyanei Hauoma, 10-1, 4-6.

Archaeological Museum, Department of Antiquities, 33 Rehov Shlomo Hamelech: Permanent Exhibition of Antiquities from the Neolithic to the Byzantine Periods. Temporary Exhibition: Recent Excavations at Tel Mor, Beit Shean and fort near Tavoah Yam, 9-1, 2-5.

• Bezalel National Museum: — Permanent exhibition of Jewish Ceremonial Art. Archaeological Objects. African Art from collection of Mr. Samuel Dubiner. Plants and Birds. Paintings, drawings and prints by Ali Freedberg, 9-1, 2-5.

Bezalel Art Library: Ornaments of all Countries. 9-1, 2.30-5.

Bezalel School of Arts & Crafts Students' Exhibition, 10-1, 4-6.

• Zoo:
Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, 8-7.

— TEL AVIV —

• Israel National Opera: — "Aida", 8.30.

• Theatre: —
Ohel: "The Brave Soldier Schwelk," 8.30.

• Dine and Dance: —
Delphin Bar, 16 Sholem Aleichem. Exquisite cuisine. Dancing nightly. Recommended to Tourists. Tel. 23973.

• Z.O.A. House: —
Tourist Service, 9 a.m. to 9 p.m.

• Tours: —
Mostaot Hapoalot-Pioneer Women tour daily from Sunday to Wednesday, 9 a.m. from the Va'ad Hapoel Bldg., 93 Rehov Arlosoroff, Tel Aviv, Tel. 21211.

• Tourist Service: —
Visit Hadassah Club, 30 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 23299.
Wizo Club, 91 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel. 26825. 8 a.m.-2 p.m.

• Zoological Gardens: —
Open 8 a.m.-6 p.m. daily.

• Exhibitions: —
Art Gallery, Artists Pavilion, 9 Albarist, 10-1, 4-7.
Ancient Glass Exhibition, Museum Ha'aretz, near Ramat Aviv, 10-5.

• Levant Fair: —
Ein Hod Artists' Exhibition at the Tel Aviv Pavilion. Dance band till midnight at the Flying Camel Inn. Film Shows on the lawn.

Tel Aviv Museum: —
Dizengoff House: — Exhibitions of paintings, sketches and prints by Shraga Weil; 120 engravings by Marc Chagall. Today, tomorrow: 10-1. Closing Sunday.
Exhibition of paintings by Avigdor Louisada, opening at 5 p.m.,

— HAIFA —

• Tourist Centre: —
Hadassah Club, Youth Aliya Offices, 23 Hehaluta, Tel. 4875, 47961.

• New Exhibition: —
Hiroshige and Japanese landscapes. Museum of Japanese Art, 89 Ederot Hanassi, 10-1, 4-7.

• Golden Age Club: —
Mount Carmel, Haim Ben-Zvi, art teacher: "Testing Perception by Means of Slides." Guests welcome, Rothschild Community Centre, 4.30.

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Order Nisi Over Law Council Rule

The Supreme Court on Sunday issued an order nisi calling on the Law Council to show cause why one of its regulations should not be rescinded. The regulation forbids a lawyer retained by a corporation or in Government employ to engage as an articled clerk any person who was once an employee of the corporation or the Government.

The order was issued by Justice Berinson at the request of Mr. Yitzhak Danun, who is an articled clerk to the lawyer for the Delek firm, Mr. Tadmor.

Last October, Mr. Danun obtained an order from the Supreme Court, sitting as the High Court, which requested that the Law Council confirm his appointment as articled clerk to Mr. Tadmor, despite the fact that he had previously been employed by Delek.

After the confirmation of his appointment, the Law Council issued its disputed regulation, and Mr. Danun was ordered to leave his post in Mr. Tadmor's office.

Agreement to Abate Coffee Plant Noise

HAIFA. — A compromise agreement was signed on Sunday in the Haifa Magistrate's Court between the Elite instant coffee plant and some 100 residents of Safad who live in its immediate vicinity. Under the agreement, Elite has undertaken to introduce certain measures aimed at reducing noise at the plant.

The petitioners, who were represented by Mr. E. Toussia-Cohen, the lawyer, obtained an injunction against Elite that will take effect should the firm fail to make the necessary adjustments.

The problem of the smell emanating from the coffee plant, however, remains to be solved. It is hoped that an expert who is going to Europe shortly will return with practical suggestions for this.

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
August 9, 1960

In the Supreme Court, Jerusalem
Before the Deputy President Justice Agranat, in Chambers.
Olamit Ltd., Applicants, v. The Attorney-General, Respondent. (Further Hearing 9/60).

Defaulter who Paid the Tax Still Liable for "Treble Tax" Penalty

The Deputy President of the Supreme Court refused to grant permission for the further hearing of a case already determined by the Supreme Court.

The applicants, Olamit Ltd., were found guilty by the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court on four counts of omitting income from income tax returns. They admitted to having failed to include substantial amounts in their income tax returns and were fined a sum total of approximately IL320,000, on the strength of section 79(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance (as amended in 1954) which provides that:

"Any person who wilfully, with intent to evade, or to assist any person to evade, tax — (a) omits from a return made under this Ordinance any income which should be included... shall be liable on conviction to a fine of IL10,000 and treble the amount of tax for which he is liable under this ordinance for the tax year in respect of, or during which the offence was committed..."

Before the charges were actually brought against the company, they paid the full income tax owing by them on the sums they had omitted to include in their returns. On the strength of this they claimed that the Magistrate had been entitled to fine them only the IL10,000 for each count and that he had not been entitled to order them to pay three times the tax for which they had been liable. This argument was dismissed by both the Tel Aviv District Court and the Supreme Court, whereupon Olamit Ltd. asked the President of the Supreme Court for a further hearing.

Mr. Lifschitz appeared for the applicants and Mr. C. Gillon, the State Attorney, for the respondent.

Decision

Justice Agranat, in holding that the Supreme Court decision did not contain any rule of law of sufficient importance, difficulty or novelty to warrant a further hearing, pointed out that the applicants had argued that the words "treble the amount of tax for which he is liable" in section 79(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, should be interpreted as meaning that the courts are entitled to impose an additional fine of treble the amount of tax which the accused still owes at the time he is brought to trial. The Supreme Court had held, however, he said, that the amount of the fine mentioned in section 79 (that is treble the amount of tax) was intended only as a yardstick and that it was only reasonable to conclude that the operative period for this purpose should be the period during which the offence was committed. They had held further, continued Justice Agranat, that the intention of the legislator had most certainly not been to expedite the collection of taxes owing to the Treasury, and that the interpretation which the company's Counsel had sought to propound — which would result in an accused's being exempted from paying a high fine if he hastened to pay the tax on which he had defaulted before he could be brought to trial — was unacceptable.

This ruling of the Supreme Court, held Justice Agranat, was based on two criteria: that "treble the amount of tax" is nothing more than a maximum yardstick for fixing fines; and that the offender is liable for a fine from the moment he commits the offence. He for his part, he continued, found it difficult to understand how one could disagree with the Supreme Court's approach; for in the absence of any express and unambiguous provision to the contrary in the law, the penalty for which an offender is liable is never conditional on whether he made full or partial retribution for his default before he was brought to trial, or not. The rule is, he said, that "the date at which any penalty incurred is to be ascertained is the date when the offence is committed; assessment or payment after that cannot affect liability." (Lord Rateliffe, in Inland Revenue Commissioners v. Hinchley 1960, 1 W.L.R. 448, page 461).

Justice Agranat then went on to dismiss the applicants' Counsel's arguments against the Supreme Court ruling, pointing out that there was no fear of its leading to any unjust and unequal punishment as, first, the element of intent is demanded by section 79 and, secondly, the penalty which may be imposed is a maximum one, the court being entitled to take account of mitigating circumstances and to impose a much lesser fine. The very case under consideration, he continued, is a case in point; for the applicants had failed to declare sums amounting to over one million pounds, for which they were liable for at least IL500,000 income tax. Yet the Magistrate had fined them only a sum total of IL320,000, having been swayed by the mitigating circumstances and his own conception of mercy.

As to the argument that an offender becomes liable for the fine only when he becomes liable for the tax — that is, not until he has received his assessment — and that may happen after he has already committed the offence of failing to include income in his returns, even if it is correct, held Justice Agranat, it does not affect the Supreme Court's ruling. For the only effect it might have would be to restrict the use of "treble the tax" as a yardstick until such time as the actual obligation to pay the tax has arisen, that is until the assessment has been made. The practical difficulty could, however, not affect the machinery set up by the legislator for measuring the penalty, nor could it affect the date at which the offender becomes liable for the penalty. In any case, he continued, it may be safely assumed that in general the assessment will be made before the offender is charged — as happened in the present case — so that no such practical difficulty will arise.

The application was dismissed.

Decision given on July 27, 1960.

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
522, 356.6, 249 & 220 M.

News: Hebrew: 6.05, 7.00 and 7.55 a.m., 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m.
English: 2.00 p.m. **French:** 2.15 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Religious Service (R). 6.30 Exercises. 6.40 Musical Clock. 6.58 Announcements. 7.17 Morning Melodies. 8.00 Close Down.

11.00 a.m. "Kol Yisrael" for Child & Youth. 11.30 Popular Concert: Weber: Overture "Der Freischuetz"; Mozart: Concerto in C. for Flute, Harp and Orchestra; Muffat: Nobles Jeunesses, Suite No. 1; Paradis: Sicilienne; Haydn: Serenade. 12.30 Oriental Songs. 1.00 Lunchtime Music. 1.15 The Week at the U.N. 1.45 Where to Go. 2.30 Close Down.

4.30 Special Foreign Language Programmes. 5.05 Programme of Announcements on Commercial Wavelength. 5.06 Popular Concert: Donizetti: Overture "Linda da Chamonix"; Worisek: Symphony in D; Beethoven: Menuetto No. 11 in C. 5.45 Children's Corner. 6.00 Youth Corner. 6.30 Hebrew Songs. 6.40 "The World of Science" — weekly ed. by Dr. N. Sharon & Dr. I. Michaeli, presented by Y. Targuin. 7.20 Request Programme. 7.50 "Parents & Children" — ed. by N. Glickstein. 8.22 "At the Request of..." — Shoshana Ravid. 8.50 Bible Reading: Job; Chaps. 15 & 16. 9.15 Concert by the Hor Yisrael Orchestra; Conductor: Gary Bertini. Soloists: E. Sussman, N. Davrat (Soprano) & R. Edgar (Baritone): Purcell: "Dido & Aeneas"; Gounod: Little Symphony: Mozart: Concerto No. 3 (Soloist: S. Aram). 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
400, 292.7, 422 & 33.3 M.

Commercial Programmes: 5.00 News. 5.05 Opening Announcements. 5.07 Melodies. 5.35 Sports. 5.45 Tea and the Instrument. 6.00 Weather Forecast. 6.01 New Records. 6.30 The Adventures of Ellery Queen — Sketch. 6.45 Star of the Evening. 7.00 Close Down.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR: 7.00 French. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Moggrabit. 8.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 News in English. 9.15 Polish. 9.30 Rumanian. 9.45 Hungarian. 10.00 "Science Studio." 10.15 "Sounds & Echoes." 11.00 News. 11.10 Close Down.

ARABIC PROGRAMME
407 & 41.7 M.

Arabic Programme (including News): 6.30-7.15 a.m. 1.15-2.15, 5.30-11.15 p.m.

KOL YISRAEL LAGOLA (32.3 M.): Programme to the U.K.: 10.15 News. 10.25 Commentary. 10.30 From Mount Scopus to Ein Karem.

Programme to South Africa: 6.45 News. 6.55 Commentary on the News. 7.00 Tune of the Week. 7.05 Easy Hebrew Conversation.

ARMY PROGRAMME (216, 225 & 535 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.03 Request Programme. 6.35 Songs. 6.55 Readings in the Portion of the Week. 7.00 News. 7.10 "At the Piano." 7.30 "Musical Key." 8.00 Musical Miniatures. 8.30 "Army's Diary." 9.45 Music from films. 9.00 News. 9.15 Programme for the Air-Force Day. 10.00 Dance Music. 10.15 "Evening Tunes." 10.30 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (12.93, 25.25, 19.66 & 16.86 M.): 7.15-7.45 p.m. News. News Comment. Mid-Week Magazine.

MUSIC U.S.A. VOICE OF AMERICA—English Programme: 5.00 and 6.00 a.m. News. U.N. in Action on 25 and 31 M. 7.00 News, Press Opinion USA on 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, News Analysis, Report to Europe on 31, 41, 49 M. and 238 K. 9.00 and 10.00 News, Press Opinion USA on 13, 19 and 31 M. 3.00 p.m. News, Report to South Asia on 11, 13 and 19 M. 4.00 News, News Analysis, Women and the World on 11, 13, 19, 25 and 31 M. 5.00 News Analysis, Report to Middle East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 6.00 News, Woman and the World on 11, 19, 25, 31 and 41 M. 7.00 News, Report to Middle East on 19, 25 and 31 M. 7.30 Youth Speaks on 13, 25 and 31 M. 8.00 News, Report to Africa on 25 M. 8.30 Forum on 25 M. 9.00 and 10.00 News in Special English, Music USA on 25 M. 11.00 News, News Analysis, Commentator's Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 11.30 Forum on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K. 12.00 News, News Analysis, Commentator's Digest on 25, 31, 41 M. and 238 K.

CYPRUS BROADCASTING CORPORATION — English Programme (434 & 495 M.): News: 7.30 a.m. 2.00, 7.00, 11.00 p.m.

7.45 a.m. The Coca Cola Programme. 8.00 Melodies & Memories. 8.30 Popular Light Orchestra. 9.00 Miniature Concert. 9.30 Confidence Man. 9.45 Piano Playtime. 10.00 Felix King, his Piano and Orchestra. 10.30 Ted Heath and his Music. 11.00 The Final Year. 11.15 Light Music. 11.30 Pursuit. 12.00 Midday Melodies. 12.15 p.m. "The Name is Shane." 2.30 Satellite Seven: A Science Adventure. 6.45 The Lanitis Programme. 7.15 Counterfeit. 10.00 Strange Last Words. 10.15 Stars of Song. 10.30 My Word.

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PEKING. — Malaya would support the admission of Communist China to the U.N. only if China recognizes "the independence and sovereignty of Formosa," Tunku Abdul Rahman, the Prime Minister, told parliament yesterday.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
EDEN: Tarzan the Ape Man
EDISON: The Young Philadelphians
HABIRAH: This Earth is Mine
JERUSALEM: Seven Hills of Rome
OR-GIL: Salomon and Sheba
ORION: Banat al Yom
ORNA: The Gene Krupa Story
RON: Decision at Sundown
SEMADAR: Room at the Top
STUDIO: La sorciere
TEL-OR: Le clochard
ZION HALL: Orfeu negro.

TEL AVIV
ALLENBY: Golden Fish
ARMON DAVID: The Trial of Oscar Wilde
BEN YEHUDA: La dolce vita
CHEN: A Hole in the Head
EDEN: Farm Daughter
ESTHER: The Gazebo
GAT: The Glass Tower
HOD: El bell Antonio
MAXIM: Beau James
MIGDALOR: Venice-vous danser avec moi?
MOGRABI: Our Man in Havana
OPHIR: Ferry to Hong Kong
ORION: Un tramois dans la ville
PARIS: The Young Lions
PEER: The Big Chief
RAMAT GAN: Gracefu Marina
SHDEROTH: The House that Roared
TAMAR: Up the Creek
TCHELET: Tutti innamorati
TEL AVIV: Crack in the Mirror
YARON: Carry on Teacher
ZAFON: Tiger Bay
ZAMIR: The Moonraker

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: Rio bravo
ARMON: The Defiant Ones
ATZMON: Danger Within
EN DOR: Malaga
GAL, OR: Les enfants du paradis
MAY: Pillow Talk
MIRON: Carry On Nurse
MORIAH: Libel
OHAH: Mariti in citta
ORION: Davy Crockett
ORLY: Rally Round the Flag, Boys
PEER: Les salands vont en enfer
TAMAR: Herr Ueber Leben und Tod.

Arnon Cinema, Jerusalem,
will hold no more performances until further notice.

THE COMMITTE FOR FOSTERING RESEARCH AND STUDY

in response to applications by various research institutes and scientists, has decided to postpone the final date for submission of grant applications till the end of August, 1960.
(Agriculture, Social Sciences, Medicine, Labour Relations and Technology.)

Applicants must submit:
a) Curriculum vitae mentioning research done to date.
b) Statement of subject, aims, content and extent of the research intended.
c) Detailed budget proposal for financing the research, with mention of other sources of finance and their degree of participation.
d) Clarification of the uses to which the research findings will be put.
e) Recommendations from known scientific institutions or scientists.

The Hebrew University—Hadassah Medical School

Graduate Training in Social Medicine and Public Health

Applications are invited from candidates suitably qualified for academic training in social medicine and public health. The first course will commence on October 23, 1960, and the programme of studies will extend over a period of at least one academic year.

The programme is designed to meet the needs of physicians, dentists and other professional health workers preparing themselves for practice, research or teaching in various fields of social medicine and public health.

Written applications, including cirriculum vitae and diplomas, should be submitted before September 20, 1960, to: The Dean's Office, Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, P.O.B. 1172, Jerusalem.

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The Israel Shipyards Ltd. hereby requests Tenders for building of Quay-walls and Building-ways in the Kishon Area, Haifa.

Tender forms are obtainable, against payment of IL150, at the office of ISRAEL SHIPYARDS LTD., 6 Rehov Khayat, Haifa, during regular working hours, starting August 9, 1960.

The Tender, in accordance with the tender conditions, has to be delivered to the Company, at the above mentioned address, not later than October 6, 1960.

The Company does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any other Tender.

Note—Contractors abroad may obtain the Tender forms through the ISRAEL Legations in their countries.

עירית תל-אביב-יפו

TEL AVIV-YAFO MUNICIPALITY BY-LAW
(Street Names and House Number Plaques) of 1959.

Notice concerning affixing of illuminated house numbers according to Article 4

In compliance with the Tel Aviv-Yafo Municipality By-Law (Street Names and House Number Plaques) of 1959, we hereby inform owners of houses on the following streets:

	Even Numbers from	to	Odd Numbers from	to
1. Rehov Jabotinsky	2	112	1	109
2. Rehov Frischman	2	90	1	77
3. Rehov Ben Gvirol	2	102	1	101
4. Shderot Hebarzal	2	36	1	39
5. Shderot Yad L'banim	2	28	1	41
6. Rehov Brodetsky (Ramat Aviv)	2	56	1	51
7. Rehov Reading (Ramat Aviv)	2	68	1	59
8. Rehov Kohilat Warsaw (Hadar Yosef)	2	78	1	107
9 Rehov Aminadav	2	44	13	39
10. Rehov Ritzaron	2	50	1	69

1. ELECTRICALLY ILLUMINATED NUMBERS

A house number in the form of an electrically illuminated lantern, no weaker than 15 w. will be fitted to every structure. The illuminated number will indicate the street and the house number in accordance with the house number plan determined by the Municipality.
The numbers will be at least 6 cm. in size.
The Municipality recommends the following forms of illuminated number lanterns:

2. PLACING OF ILLUMINATED NUMBERS

The illuminated number will be placed by the house-owner:
a. At the entrance/entrances at the front of the house or at a front corner of the house and at the passage to the entrance or along the gap between buildings if the house has a side entrance.
b. In a prominent visible position, facing the street and no farther removed from it than 10 metres.
c. Approximately 3 metres above the level of the walk or road.
d. Houses facing more than one street will have electrically illuminated numbers facing each street.

B. TIME OF EXECUTION

Illuminated house numbers as above described must be affixed by October 1, 1960.
Failure to observe this notice or any part or condition thereof will constitute a misdemeanor according to the above By-Law, and will be subject to a monetary fine. In all cases in which this notice is not observed, the Municipality will itself carry out the necessary work, and the house owner will be charged for the expenses involved.

Particulars and additional explanations may be obtained at the Department of Engineering/Surveying, Room 302, Third Floor, 68 Shderot Keren Kayemet, Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays, 11 a.m.-1 p.m.

MORDECAI NAMIR
Mayor

8/8/60

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Haifa: Beit Harofe, Wingate Ave., Tel. 2020.

The Weather

	A	B	C
Mt. Canaan	26	21–32	20–30
Tiberias	30	25–39	24–32
Haifa Port	28	24–31	23–29
Natanya	28	21–31	20–29
T.A. Kirya	29	20–30	20–29
T.A. Port	29	22–29	22–28
Lydda Airp.	32	17–34	17–32
Jerusalem	31	20–31	21–29
Beersheba	35	17–35	17–33
Eilat	9	35–42	34–40

A) Humidity at 6 p.m. B) Temperature range yesterday evening. C) Temperature forecast.

ARRIVALS

Mr. Ze'ev Levin, the Israel Consul-General in Nicosia, for consultations at the Foreign Ministry prior to the island's attaining independence next Tuesday.

Mr. Moshe Erem, M.K., of the World Jewish Congress Executive, from Europe (by El Al).

Mr. William N. Hurwitz, of the U.S. Bureau of Census, for a 14-day mission under the UN-TAO technical assistance programme, to advise on Israel's population census.

Dr. G. Tatz, chairman of the Nahariya Local Council, after a tour of European countries to study resort management.

Mrs. Grace Togel, General Secretary of Wizo in Melbourne, Australia, for a visit.

Dr. M. Finkelstein, Associate Professor of Endocrinology at the Hebrew University-Hadassah Medical School, from the U.S. where he spent his sabbatical leave doing research at the Worcester Foundation for Experimental Biology, in Shrewsbury, Mass., and Copenhagen, where he participated in the First International Congress on Endocrinology.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Asher Ben-Natan, Director-General of the Ministry of Defence, for France and England, on Ministry business (by Air France).

Paulette Bourdet, the 15-year-old French girl who won a 10-day stay in Israel in an essay competition, for home (by Air France).

Mr. S. Soroker, Director of the Ministry of Finance's Budget Department, for Bangkok, to attend a budgetary conference of South Asian states.

Mr. Julius Model, Director of the Israel Pavilion at the International Fair in Izmir, for Turkey.

Foreign Affairs C'ttee Meets Today

The Knesset Foreign Affairs and Security Committee is to meet this morning and will be attended by the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, and Mr. Aryeh Levavi, former Israel Ambassador to Argentina.

Reports on Jews In Argentina, Congo

Ambassador Arieh Levavi, who returned last week from Buenos Aires, yesterday reported to the Jewish Agency Executive on the situation of the Jews in Argentina and on recent developments there.

The Executive also heard a report from Rabbi Moshe Levy, of Elisabethville, on the position of the Jews in the Congo.

Eban Due to Meet Teachers Next Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The recently-appointed Minister of Education, Mr. Abba Eban, is to hold his first meeting with representatives of the schoolteachers at the end of next week, the Ministry's spokesman said yesterday in answer to a question.

The main purpose of the meeting will be to "get acquainted," and to discuss matters of common interest, the spokesman added.

Mr. Eban yesterday met with heads of the Ministry's various divisions.

Pearlman on Leave To Write Books

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mr. Moshe Pearlman, the Prime Minister's Adviser on Public Affairs and Information, who returned last week from a diplomatic mission to Congo, has taken leave from Government service to devote himself to writing three books.

The first will be on Adolf Eichmann; the second on the principles of political science, with examples from Israel and the newly-emergent states of Africa, and the third on the new states of Asia and Africa. The latter will be written after Mr. Pearlman makes a tour of those continents, financed by the publishers.

Knesset Passes Advance Tax Bill

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

By a vote of 22-15 the Knesset yesterday passed the final reading of the "Advance Payment Bill on Property Taxes and War Damage Amenas." The bill was supported by the Coalition parties, with the exception of the Progressives, who abstained. It was opposed by Herut and the General Zionists.

The bill authorizes the Treasury to collect a compulsory loan from property owners, to be repaid in annual instalments over the next five years.

Mr. Yisrael Kargman, acting chairman of the Finance Committee, said that the committee had broadened the categories of exemptions by authorizing the Finance Minister, with the committee's approval, to exempt: persons whose main income is from agriculture and who have suffered from drought or "other special circumstances"; persons whose main income is from renting real property which is subject to the Tenants' Protection Law; and owners of "approved enterprises."

The five per cent interest which will be paid on the compulsory loan will be subject to a 25 per cent income tax, deducted at the sources, Mr. Kargman said.

The Knesset last night passed an Amendment to the Income Tax Ordinance, the aim of which is to tap sources of income hitherto tax exempt, such as royalties on books and inventions. These will now be taxable even if they do not represent a person's regular source of income.

RETROACTIVE TAX

By a vote of 20-7, with Herut and the Communists voting against, the Knesset yesterday passed the Local Authorities Bill (Supplement to Income Tax), which validates income tax collections made by local authorities several years ago for the payment of teachers' salaries.

Second Thoughts On Not Jailing Debtors

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Justice Minister Pinhas Rosen announced yesterday that the Government is willing to reconsider its view that imprisonment for non-payment of debt be abolished. He was winding up the debate on the Bill on the Execution of Court Judgments, which was later passed to the Law Committee without opposition.

Mr. Rosen said he still believed that imprisonment for debt should be abolished, and that there were many other effective methods of attaching a debtor's property. But in view of the support for imprisonment expressed by speakers in the debate — particularly with regard to failure to pay maintenance for a wife or children — he agreed that the matter be discussed in committee.

The Minister said the fact that the bill obliged the Execution Office to take steps to secure the execution of court judgments (rather than requiring the creditor to take the initiative, as at present) did not mean that the creditor no longer had anything to say. And it was certainly not the bill's intention to prevent the creditor from instructing the Execution Office not to take action against the debtor.

No Budget Item For Radio Journal

No special item for the proposed radio journal was included in the State Budget because, from the outset, it was planned that the journal would be self-supporting, Finance Minister Levi Eshkol told the Knesset yesterday. He was replying to a question by Mr. Hanan Rubin (Mapam).

Mr. Eshkol said that to get the journal started, the Government had approved an allocation of IL50,000 from the reserve of the Broadcasting Services budget. This sum was to be repaid within a year.

In a supplementary question, Mr. Rubin asked: "Does the Budget Law not require that such an item be listed?" "Not in the opinion of the Treasury people," replied Mr. Eshkol. "When the budget is presented to the Finance Committee, and we are shown that there is need for this, it will be done."

Action Against M.D.'s Refusing First Aid

POST Knesset Reporter

Wherever a physician refuses to give emergency treatment when this is called for, the Ministry of Health will take disciplinary action against him, Health Minister Yisrael Barzilai told the Knesset yesterday.

He was replying to a question by Dr. Shlomshon Junitchman (Herut), who referred to the alleged refusal of a duty physician at Rambam Hospital, Haifa, to treat a pupil who had been sent there by his school principal for emergency eye treatment.

Minister Denies Phone Tapping

Minister of Posts, Binyamin Mintz, denied yesterday that the Postmaster-General supervises a wire-tapping service, which purportedly also listens in to Ministers' conversations. He was replying in the Knesset to a question by Mr. S. Z. Abramov (G. Z.), who based his query on an article in "Ha'aretz."

"The Prime Minister's Office denied the rumour at the time," Mr. Mintz replied. "In addition, I have examined the matter, and I can assure the Honourable Member that there is no foundation for this rumour."

With deep sorrow we announce the sudden death of our beloved mother and grandmother

Rosa Goldschmidt

(née Jacobsohn)

in her 79th year

The funeral will leave Avihayil Hospital, Russian Compound on Tuesday, August 9, at 10 a.m.

FRITZ GOLDSCHMIDT
GIDEON REISENBERG

Move Traffic Lights For Jerusalem

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Four more sets of traffic lights are to be installed in Jerusalem shortly, according to a decision taken on Monday by the Municipality.

They will be put up along King George Avenue, at its intersections with Agrippas Road, Ben-Yehuda Street, and Mamilla Road, and in Rehavia at the Gaza Road-Rambam Street crossing. At present, the capital has only one set of lights—at the Jaffa Road-King George Avenue intersection.

The decision to instal the new lights follows a study made by the Inter-ministerial Committee for Coordinating the Campaign against Traffic Accidents.

CHILD KILLED BY TRUCK

ACRE. — A four-and-a-half-year-old boy from Kfar Yasif, Elias Hanna, was fatally injured by a truck on Sunday night near his home. The boy was taken to Rambam Hospital in Haifa where he died of his injuries a few hours later.

The truck was driven by Ya'acov Mamon, of Safad. *(Itim)*

Bulldozer Driver Crushed to Death

PETAH TIKVA.—A bulldozer driver employed on the National Water Project was crushed to death yesterday morning when the vehicle he was operating overturned near Beerotayim, in the Sharon.

The man, Mordecai Kornhauser, 44, of Natanya, was an employee of Mekorot.

Woman, 72, Hurt By Hit-and-Run Cyclist

TEL AVIV. — A 72-year-old woman, Mrs. Batya Greenberg, was injured by a hit-and-run cyclist near her home in Rehov Gruzenberg on Sunday night. She was taken to Hadassah hospital, where her condition is reported as not serious.

Police are looking for the cyclist. *(Itim)*

Boy, 7, Drinks DDT From Bottle Labelled Soda Pop

A seven-year-old Jerusalem boy bought a bottle of soda pop yesterday, and was rushed to hospital shortly afterwards when it was found that the bottle, from which he had taken a drink, contained a D.D.T. solution.

The boy, Asher Yazdi, of 40 Rehov Shmuel Hanavi, was later reported by the Sha'arei Tsedek hospital to be out of danger.

Police found that the boy bought the bottle at a grocery near his home. According to the label, the bottle contained soda pop. After drinking the contents, however, he suffered severe stomach pains and he complained that the liquid smelled of kerosene.

Police are trying to trace the source of the bottle.

100 Housing Units For Amishav Ma'bara

One hundred dual-family-type housing units will be built for inhabitants of the Amishav *ma'bara*, under an agreement reached at a meeting of representatives of the Ministry of Labour, Amidar, the Jewish Agency's Absorption Department, and the *ma'bara* dwellers, it was announced yesterday by the Agency in Jerusalem.

The meeting was initiated by the Absorption Department following the demonstration held outside the Jewish Agency offices in Tel Aviv on Sunday by persons from the *ma'bara*. A committee, on which the residents are represented, was set up to deal with the allocation of the flats.

Tel Aviv police reported yesterday that 10 out of the 23 demonstrators detained on Sunday morning will have to face trial during the next few days on charges of disorderly conduct and assaulting police. They will remain in custody until their trial. *The Jerusalem Post* learns.

Twenty-one persons were slightly injured in Sunday's clash, including six policemen.

U.N. Council

(Continued from Page One)

the sake of clarity, reaffirm its aims and demands as stated in the previous resolutions. It may wish to clarify its views on the methods to be used and on the time limits which should be our target.

"It may also wish to state explicitly what so far has only been implied: that its resolutions apply fully and in all parts to Katanga....

"It should also find its way to formulate principles for the U.N. presence, which, in accordance with the purposes and principles of the Charter, would safeguard democratic rights and protect the spokesmen of all different political views within the large entity of the Congo, so as to make it possible for them to make their voice heard in democratic forms...."

In a clear warning to Belgium, whose Foreign Minister, M. Pierre Wigny, was at the Council chamber, the Secretary-General said: "A delay now, hesitation now, efforts to safeguard national or group interests now... would risk values immeasurably greater than any of those which such action may be intended to protect."

Mr. Hammarskjold said that opposition to the entry of U.N. military units in the Congo's separatist province of Katanga had "led to the development of a vicious circle," which must be broken.

"Further delays in the entry of U.N. troops, due to armed opposition, can in my view not any longer be permitted to delay the withdrawal of the Belgian troops," he said.

'Full Responsibility'

"If at the withdrawal of Belgian troops, the U.N. troops are not in the area because of such opposition, it is for those who oppose the entry of the U.N. troops — or who support or encourage this obstruction — to carry the full responsibility for what they develop in the vacuum they have forced upon us."

The Council adjourned for lunch after hearing Mr. Hammarskjold's statement. It was due to resume later in the day, with the possibility of a draft resolution being tabled by Ceylon and Tunisia.

Mr. Hammarskjold charged that a "harmful atmosphere of distrust" has sprung up both in and outside the Congo against U.N. efforts to restore order.

Then, in what appeared to be a reference to harsh criticism of him appearing in the Soviet press, he added: "This dangerous tendency of sowing distrust has not been without support from other quarters outside the Congo.

"It does not help the U.N. effort if it has to live under a threat of any one — or more — contributing governments taking matters into its — or their — own hands, breaking away from the U.N. force and pursuing a unilateral policy."

At the opening of yesterday's session, it was announced that Mr. Moise Tshombe, Premier of Katanga Province, had asked permission to address the Council, but no immediate decision was taken on this request. *(AP, Reuter, UPI)*

Israel-Style Homes Plan Mooted for Sierra Leone

A suggestion that the Sierra Leone Government introduce an Israel-style Savings-for-Housing scheme was put forward by Mr. Levi Eshkol, Minister of Finance, at a meeting yesterday with Mr. Rogers Wright, the Sierra Leone Minister of Housing and Development. Mr. Wright heads a three-man economic mission here on a ten-day study tour as guests of the Government.

Messrs. Eshkol and Wright were discussing the latter's request for the loan of an Israel housing expert to advise his Ministry.

An Israel architect, Mr. Aryeh Carmi, is going to Sierra Leone shortly to advise on the construction of that country's new Parliament buildings.

Mr. Wright, his Director-General, Mr. Otu Wright, and the Adviser to the Sierra Leone Prime Minister's Office, Mr. Dennis Pearl, were yesterday also received by the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, and entertained at dinner at the King David Hotel by the Minister of Labour, Dr. Giora Josephthal.

Among those present at the dinner were Messrs. Eshkol; Abba Eban, Minister of Education and Culture; Yitzhak Ben-Aharon, Minister of Transport; Ya'acov Tsur, Head of the Jewish Agency Information Department; Dr. Haim Yahil, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry; Aluf Yosef Avidar, Director-General of the Labour Ministry; Dr. Shimon Kanowitz, M.K., Mr. Mordecai Stern, Managing Director of Rassco, and senior officials of the Foreign and Labour Ministries.

The three guests were entertained at luncheon by Dr. Zvi Dinstein, the Controller of Foreign Currency.

Farm Students From S. Leone, Liberia

LYDDA AIRPORT.—Twenty-two students—15 from Sierra Leone and seven from Liberia—yesterday arrived by El Al to study agricultural methods here for one year.

They will spend a month at the Agricultural School in Rehovot, after which they will work on kibbutzim and moshavim.

Singapore Seeks Israel Lecturers

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The Faculty of Medicine at the University of Singapore has asked Israel to send lecturers in medical subjects. This was reported yesterday by Professor Moshe Rachmilewitz, Dean of the Hebrew University's Medical School, and Professor Moshe Prywes, Associate Dean, before boarding a B.O.A.C. plane here for Singapore.

From Singapore they will go on to Bangkok and Rangoon, where they are to be guest lecturers at the local medical schools.

Prof. Prywes will also visit Colombo, and Professor Rachmilewitz is due to participate in an international congress on blood diseases, in Tokyo.

Four Israelis Cited By Liberian President

Four Israelis were among a number of persons cited for "outstanding effort" by the President of Liberia, Mr. William Tubman, at a reception in Monrovia on July 26 marking Liberia's 113th Independence Day.

The four men, officials of the Meyer Brothers construction firm which is carrying out building projects in Liberia, are: Messrs. Sigfried Steiner; Yosef Wohlberg; Yosef Riback; and Aryeh Rosenblum.

Plea to Save Jerusalem's 'Old World' Buildings

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A plea to save the beautiful old houses in many of Jerusalem's "charming streets and quarters" from destruction at the hands of property speculators was voiced on Monday afternoon by Mr. Miron Sima, a Jerusalem artist.

He was speaking at a meeting of the Jerusalem Improvement Committee, which met under the chairmanship of Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom. Dr. Zvi Raday, of the Municipality, is the Committee's Coordinator.

Mr. Sima was referring to the houses in Rehov Haneviim, Rehov Hahashim, and the quarters lying between Rehov Bezalel and Mahane Yehuda.

He asked that the Municipality take steps to preserve these houses from destruction, possibly by promulgating a by-law which would virtually make it impossible to raze them.

Mayor Mordecai Ish-Shalom, in welcoming the suggestion, pointed out that there were two types of old houses in Jerusalem: beautiful ones which must be preserved, and those "with sub-standard sanitary facilities and which are about to fall on the heads of their occupants." The latter must be razed at the first opportunity; the former preserved.

Speaking of the cleanliness campaign which the Committee plans to launch, especially in the centre of the city, Mr. Ish-Shalom stressed the need for enlisting the wholehearted support of shop owners and householders. Mr. Shlomo Arasi, of the Finance Ministry, called for a by-law to oblige householders to "wash the layers of dust and filth" off their houses, so the original stone could be seen.

Mr. Elazar Ga'ash, of the Ministry of Interior, said the Municipality could make available dozens of temporary playgrounds, at almost no cost, by clearing empty lots of rubble, stones, and other litter.

Teach Parents

Mr. Moshe Attias, head of the Municipality's Education Department, said that the work done in the schools in teaching children the basic rules of hygiene should be extended to their parents.

Mayor Ish-Shalom pointed out that the Municipality was investing huge sums in improving the city. During the current year it was laying more pavements than in the previous ten years.

He added that householders themselves often destroyed trees. The city had planted saplings along a three-kilometre stretch of avenue — he declined to name the street — but the local residents had destroyed about half of them.

These trees had been replanted, the Mayor said, but their destruction—which was not, however, intentional, but rather a matter of thoughtlessness — still goes on.

Gornerstone Laid For Dental School Building

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Several hundred persons yesterday attended the cornerstone-laying ceremony of the Maurice Levin Building of the Hebrew University-Hadassah School of Dentistry at the Medical Centre in the Judean hills just west of Jerusalem. It is situated alongside the hospital buildings which were dedicated last week.

Among the audience was a group of 37 members of the Alpha Omega Fraternity of Jewish Dentists in the U.S. and Canada, which helped to found the School seven years ago.

The ceremony opened with a brief speech by Professor R. Mazar, President of the Hebrew University, who expressed gratitude to the members of the Fraternity for having undertaken to provide the School with adequate premises and research facilities.

He noted that the Fraternity's present, past and future national presidents — Dr. Michael Frost, Dr. John Sherman, and Dr. Fred Stein — were present. He regretted that Dr. Harry Seidin and Dr. Bernard Gruber, who played an important role in helping to establish the School, as well as Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Levin, whose generosity made possible the building project, were unable to be present.

The Minister of Health, Mr. I. Barzilai, noted that the development of dental care lagged behind the country's other health fields.

Fraternity's Pledge

Dr. Frost recalled that Alpha Omega in 1953 had provided $30,000 for the establishment of a temporary school, and in 1958, $200,000 towards building new clinical headquarters. Then, Mr. Maurice Levin, through the Kaplan Foundation, pledged $250,000 towards a new clinical building. He conveyed the Fraternity's pledge to continue its efforts on behalf of dentistry in Israel.

Addresses followed by Mr. James Macfarland, representing the U.S. Embassy, who was making his first public appearance since his arrival a week ago; Dr. K.J. Mann, Director-General of the Hadassah Medical Organization; Prof. H.E. Wertheimer, Acting Dean of the Faculty of Medicine; Dr. N. Ben Bassat, Chairman of the Israel Dental Association; and Dr. I. Sciaky, of the Dental School.

Also seated on the dais were Dr. Sherman, representative of Alpha Omega in Canada; Dr. S. Lewin-Epstein; Mr. E. Gelber; and Prof. R. Bachi.

It is estimated that the new building will be completed in about two years' time. At present, the pre-clinical subjects are taught at the Medical School in downtown Jerusalem.

For the first time in Israel postal history, a cancellation mark bearing the emblem of a foreign organization — Alpha Omega — was in use at a postal branch at the Centre in honour of the event.

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi yesterday held a reception for Friends of the Hebrew University and for members of the Alpha Omega fraternity. The guests were presented by Professor Mazar.

Sacked Hospital Workers Re-hired

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Some 80 workers who were discharged a week ago from the Rambam Government Hospital in Haifa will be taken back today. This was decided yesterday at a meeting between the Assistant Director-General of the Ministry of Health, Mr. Z. Atlas, and Mr. B. Kochavi, Head of the Ministry of Labour's Employment and Absorption Department.

The employees will return on the same basis as before — as relief workers — pending "clarification of the position," it was decided.

The dismissals came in the wake of a dispute as to who should pay their wages — the Ministry of Health or the Ministry of Labour.

Cafe Ordered Not To Disturb Neighbours

Jerusalem Post Reporter

NAZARETH. — The elegant Metzouda Cafe, in Safad, which features a full fare of entertainment every night, was yesterday ordered by the Northern District Magistrate's Court to switch off its loudspeakers at 10 p.m. and to silence its dance band, even indoors, as from 11.

The injunction, effective immediately, was issued by Judge Elias Ktelly at the request of the nearby Metzouda Convalescent Home and the Welfare Ministry, which supports the home. They claimed that the din disturbed the sleep of the convalescents.

The owners of the cafe said they were applying for a counter-injunction. The cafe, built at a cost of IL-200,000 is patronized mainly by summer guests and foreign tourists.

11 Dice Players Fined, Ordered to Post Bond

Two operators of dice games in Jerusalem and nine of their customers were yesterday fined various sums and ordered to post IL500 each as a guarantee of good behaviour.

Judge Y. Miron, of the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court, fined Avraham Mizrahi, operator of a game in Rehov Hakeshet, and Dan Yerukoni, who ran a game at an address in Jaffa Road, IL40 each, and the nine customers IL25 each. *(Itim)*

Harry the Cutter' Crossed Nasser's Wires in Sinai

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV.—Four Mustang fighters planes of the Israel Air Force sliced up miles of Egyptian telephone lines with their propellers and wing tips two hours before the first paratroops landed in the Sinai Desert on October 29, 1956.

An account of the mission, latest of the "now-it-can-be-told" stories of the Sinai Campaign, was released for publication this week in the August issue of the "Air Force Magazine."

The story was recounted by Aluf Moshe Dayan during a T.V. interview with Mr. Ed Murrow a few months ago. The latter interjected that he would never have believed it if he himself had not been here during the Sinai Campaign and seen the Egyptian wires wrapped around the propellers of the Israel planes when they returned to base.

According to the original plans, two Mustang pilots were to disrupt communications behind the Egyptian lines by trailing weighted cables along the ground. The pilots were told to "cut the lines at all costs.

Deep inside Sinai, just before reaching the target area, the cable of one of the planes snapped. Shortly afterwards, the second plane also lost its cable. Recalling the story of a flight trainee who had accidentally snapped a high-tension wire with an old biplane without harming either himself or his aircraft, the two pilots decided to accomplish their mission by using their propellers as cutting shears.

Harry, one of the two pilots, who later earned the nickname of "Harry the Cutter," took the first turn. Aiming his plane between two telegraph poles, just above wire level, he revved up his engine and tore through the cables. His colleague jubilantly signalled success.

The team successfully sheared away throughout their assigned area.

A second pair of Mustangs, which was then sent out to wreak further havoc on the Egyptian communications, also lost their cables and snipped the telephone wires with their wing tips.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

1960-61 SEASON
HAIFA

10 SUBSCRIPTION CONCERTS

Sub. Concert Number	Conductor	Soloist
1.	Carlo Maria GIULINI	—
2.	THE NETHERLANDS CHAMBER ORCHESTRA	Cond. & Soloist: Szymon GOLDBERG
3.	THE LONDON SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA	Cond. Antal DORATI
4.	Sergiu CELIBIDACHE	Daniel HOPFMEKLER (Cello)
5.	George SINGER	Ida HAENDEL (Violin)
6.	Igor MARKEVITCH	Claudio ARRAU (Piano)
7.	Igor MARKEVITCH	Henryk SZERYNG (Violin)
8.	Paul KLECKI	Robert CASADESUS (Piano Solo) CASADESUS PIANO TRIO
9.	Eugene ORMANDY	—
10.	Jean MARTINON	Guest Singers for "Damnation of Faust"

RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTIONS
starts in HAIFA on Sunday, August 14, at the I.P.O. Offices, 23 Herzl St., daily 10-1, 4-6; Fridays: 10-1, as per Schedule mailed to Subscribers.

RENEWAL OF SUBSCRIPTIONS IN TEL AVIV
continue at the I.P.O. Offices, Mann Auditorium (Dizengoff St. entrance). Daily 9-1, 4-6; Fridays: 9-1.
Apply early and avoid queuing!

INDUSTRY FINANCE and COMMERCE

INCREASE IN EXPORTS TO WEST GERMANY

FRANKFURT, West Germany (Reuter). — Israel exported $11.45m. worth of goods to West Germany in the first four months of this year, the West German Economic News Agency, V.W.D., reported yesterday.

West Germany is now Israel's third largest customer, after Britain and the US.

The total compares with $8.35m. in the same period last year, and $18.96m. in the whole of 1959.

Of the total in the first four months of this year, $2.9m. were for agricultural products ($8.35m. in the corresponding period last year); $2.77m. for industrial products ($1.86m. last year); and $400,000 for diamonds ($240,000 last year).

$100,000 ORDERS AT CHICAGO FAIR

TEL AVIV. — Orders for more than $100,000 worth of goods have been placed at the Israel Pavilion at the International Trade Fair in Chicago.

Mr. Pinhas Afik, Director of the Export Division of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry's Foreign Trade Department, and Director of the Pavilion, reported this on his return from the U.S. yesterday.

Sales include Autéarn metalwork gift items, optical instruments, candles, and sweets.

Russia to Import 'Top Quality' Goods

MOSCOW (Reuter). — Russia plans to import high quality consumer goods "to satisfy the taste of the population," Tass reported yesterday.

The Ministry of Foreign Trade will be asked to "buy all kinds of high quality goods abroad," the agency said. It also reported that the Soviet Government and the Central Committee of the Communist Party had adopted a new decree "on the measures to be taken to achieve further improvement in internal trade."

The decree provides for 105,000 new shops to be opened throughout the country next year. More than 17m. rubles (about £1.5m. at the official rate of exchange) will be made available for investment to build new shops, stores, restaurants and refrigerating plants.

735 PERSONS were fined a total of IL2,776 by the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court for littering the city's streets, and 310 persons were fined a total of IL1,334 for smoking in cinemas during July.

100 Buses to Be Ordered in Britain

One hundred buses are on order in Britain, to relieve the overcrowding on public transport, it was learned in Jerusalem yesterday.

The bus cooperatives have asked the Ministry of Finance to grant them credit facilities to carry out the deal.

But the Treasury's response is that, while the necessary foreign currency will be made available to the cooperatives, no credit will be advanced, since no budget provision exists for such an item of expenditure.

The cooperatives ought to finance this purchase out of their own depreciation fund, it was pointed out.

The Egged spokesman in Tel Aviv, meanwhile, warned yesterday that overcrowding on its buses was likely to worsen, and claimed that the attitude of the Finance Ministry was to blame for this.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

AUGUST 8, 1960

25% Tnuva (Issue)	95
25% Bergs (amended)	104
6% Dollarex Loan	113
6% "	101
4½% Housg. Loan A	98
4½% " " B	98½
4½% " " C	98
4½% " " D	97½
4½% " " E	98
4½% " " H	98½
4½% " " I	98
6½% Pal Elect. 37/54	—
1 % Nat. Oil Co	914
6½% Local Authority	102½
6½% Jewish Agency	97
6½% Keren Hayesod	101
6 % " 1956-7-8	99½
6 % Fertilizer & Chems.	96
1 % Ind. Dev. Bank	95
6½% Gen. Mortg. Bank	101
6 % Bank Leumi Inv.	101½
6½% Rassco	100½
6 % Izreth	98
6½% Gus-Rassco	100½
C.o.I. LINKED BOND	
6½% Defence Loan	101½
4½% Housing Loan A	96
4½% " " B	96½
4½% " " C	97½
6½% Pal Elect. 37/54	—
6½% Pal Elect. 39/55	114½
6½% Local Authority	104
6 % "	99½
6½% Keren Hayesod	103½
6 % " 39/55 III	103
6½% Rassco	100½
50/50 $/C.o.I. LINKED	
6½% Izreth	102½
6 % Ind. Dev. Bank	95
6 % Isr. Leumi Invest.	96½
Ordinary SHARES	
Bank Leumi ex rights	313½
Gen. Mortg. Bk.	205
Bk. Leumi Invest.	139
Elite Ice & Investment	240
Africa Pal. Invest.	227½
Isr. Land Devlp.	250
Ata Textile	220
Moller Textile	167½
Assia & Bejarano	182
Pal. Potash	223
Tera Pharmac.	284½
Pales. Cold Storg.	234
Am. Isr. Pan. Mills	224½
Delek	2654
Delek (11/13 Div.)	297
Jordan	117½
Rassco	150½
P.E.C. ord. stock	68½
Alliance	39 40
Mortgage Sav. Bank	125½

B: Buyers only. E: ex Div./Coupon

TODAY'S TENDENCY
Dollar Bonds: Weak
Index Bonds: Dull
Shares: Firm
AS REPORTED BY

UNION BANK OF ISRAEL LTD
Your Investment Advisers

36 Per cent Rise In Tourism This Year

A 36 per cent rise in tourism during the first seven months of this year, as compared to the corresponding period in 1959, was reported yesterday by the Central Bureau of Statistics and the Government Tourist Corporation.

A total of 71,800 tourists came to Israel between January and July of this year, as compared to 52,800 during the same period last year.

The number of tourists who arrived in July was 13,892 as compared to 11,340 in July 1959. Of those who arrived last month, 9,121 came by plane and 4,119 by ship.

Israel-Made Pavilion For U.S. Fair Exhibit

LYDDA AIRPORT. — The American pavilion at the international food fair in Munich, which was constructed by the Tel Aviv designers, Grundman, Sah and Kor, was yesterday flown in sections to Munich in a chartered El Al aircraft. *(Itim)*

Notice to the Public

Course For Certified Guides

The Government Tourist Corporation announces registration for the 1961 Certified Guides Course.

The course will begin in October of 1960.

Instruction and registration questionnaires are obtainable at Tourist Information Offices in Israel or at the Guides Department of the Government Tourist Corporation, 100 Rehov Hamelech George, Jerusalem.

Registration will be closed on August 20, 1960.

WANTED BY
first class souvenir shop with excellent position in Tel Aviv Tourist Centre
Efficient Active Partner
(male or female) with capital
Interested persons should apply in writing to: "Arts and Crafts," P.O.B. 1639, Tel Aviv.

Wanted Secretary
for important office in Jerusalem
★ Interesting work.
★ Must know English shorthand and have working knowledge of Hebrew.
Apply in own handwriting, either Hebrew or English, to: No. 720, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

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Notice to Consumers in the Lod-Ramle Zone
The new telephone of our Ramle office is:
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Communication with our Lod office will be carried out through the Ramle office at the same number.
Consumers wishing to notify our Lod or Ramle offices concerning urgent cases of disturbance in the supply of current should phone our Rishon LeZion office, Tel. 941121 if they receive no reply from the Ramle number.

Ministry of Transport—Shipping and Ports Division—Department of Naval Training

Opening of Registration for Courses Prepartery to the Ranks of Captain and First Officer

A. The course preparatory to examinations qualifying for the rank of Captain is intended for candidates who hold the rank of first officer and who have served in the Merchant Marine for at least one and one half years at that rank.

B. The course preparatory to examinations qualifying for the rank of First Officer is intended for candidates who hold the rank of Second Officer and who have served in the Merchant Marine for at least one and one half years at that rank. 3013

C. The two courses will begin on August 15, 1960, at the Merchant Marine Officers' Advanced Study Institute in Acre. Particulars and registration of candidates, at the office of the Naval Training Commissioner, 39 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Haifa, 9 a.m.–12 noon, daily except Fridays.

Ministry of Transport Shipping and Ports Division Department of Sea Training
ZIM Israel Navigation Co. Department of Crews Training

Registration of Candidates For Training of Officers in the Israel Merchant Marine

Navy veterans under 25 years age, who have completed two years of secondary school and have served at least one and one half years in the deck department of a marine vessel, are eligible as candidates for officers' training in the Israel Merchant Marine. Candidates will sail for one and one half years as cadets in the deck department of Zim Co. ships. At the end of this period they will pass Ministry of Transport qualifying examinations for the rank of Third Officer.

Registration of candidates at the offices of Zim Co.'s Department of Crews, Officers' Section, 2nd floor, 84 Derech Ha'atzmaut, Haifa, 3-4 p.m. daily, except Tuesdays and Fridays. At the time of registration, personal documents and documents substantiating time of sea service and education should be presented.

'LAND OF THE 120 TRIBES'

TANGANYIKA LOOKS TO ISRAEL

By DAN AVNY

DAR-es-Salam is the capital of Tanganyika, the Land of the "One Hundred and Twenty Tribes," stretching from Kenya to Rhodesia and from the Indian Ocean to the Congo.

At this time of the year, Dar-es-Salam does not have to make any effort to live up its reputation of "House of Peace." Below the Equator, it is winter. Classes start an hour later in the morning because of the "very cool weather" which means a temperature ranging from 26° to 45° Centigrade. Peaceful is the sky, glittering with clouds, peaceful are the slender coconut palms which gently bend their green heads in the wind to welcome you, peaceful is the airport, spotlessly clean, small and deserted, except for a couple of private planes which look like forgotten toys.

Everything is so peaceful, so friendly, so gentle that it seems almost normal when the immigration officer, upon looking at your passport, greets you with a smiling "Shalom" and asks you about Jerusalem in Hebrew. But you soon realize that he is not one of the three Jews who are supposed to live in Dar-es-Salam. He is an Arab from Jerusalem, who, together with some 40 or 50 ex-Palestinians from Jaffa, Ramle and Haifa, have found a new home in Tanganyika. I met some of them during my trips around the country. The younger generation does not understand Hebrew but seems very interested in coming back for a visit. Most of them had no real estate in Palestine, only bank accounts, which were duly returned to them in foreign currency. In Tanganyika, they are considered "Europeans," and therefore belong to the highest social group in the country. "My family's flight from Jaffa" a young ex-Palestinian now working as an accountant in Dar-es-Salam told me, "was a blessing in disguise, since it was an occasion for starting a much better life. I do not bear Israel any grudge. In fact, whenever the Africans ask me where I come from, I say 'From Israel', since, in this country, memories of Arab slavers are still very much alive."

Israel's Prestige High

This is Dar-es-Salam, the "House of Peace," a city in which Israel's prestige could not run higher. In fact, it is so high that I kept asking myself how we shall be able to live up to expectations.

When, for instance, an Israeli goes to Morogoro, a little district centre, some 200 kilometres north-east of Dar-es-Salam that is inhabited by a few Europeans, a few hundred Asians and thousands of Africans, the news of his arrival spreads in no time and people flock in just to say hello and to ask about Israel. All of them know the word "kibbutz."

Where from? From two collective settlements which the brother of Tanganyika's future Premier, Mr. Joseph Nyerere, has founded some 50 kilometres away, right in the middle of the bush: a group of 50 men and another of 15 who have started to live together in a joint effort to reclaim wild land. Life seems to be still too hard for the women to join their husbands, but the mere fact that because of their joint venture, one group has been able to obtain a tractor and both are breaking through the jungle with much more visible success than individual farmers, has made a wide psychological impact on the farmers of the surrounding areas.

All this would certainly not be possible if Tanganyikans did not think about their future less in terms of politics than in terms of economic and social upheaval — an attitude which makes them naturally interested in Israel's experience. This responsible, peaceful and progressive attitude could not in turn have developed if Tanganyika had not been blessed by three particular circumstances: a German past, proportionally well balanced racial groups, and an exceptional national leader.

Nyerere—Man of Truth

Because Tanganyika was a former German colony, she became a League of Nation's mandate after the First World War and a United Nations Trusteeship after the second one. This meant that the local British administration has been constantly under the fire of international public opinion and has tried to solve local difficulties by negotiations instead of by unilateral decisions. That this has not always been the rule is proved by the fact that only five years ago, Mr. Julius Nyerere, Tanganyika's first African Premier-to-be by the end of August next, was on the point of being arrested for civil disobedience. Six years ago, the idea of racial cooperation would never have occurred to white settlers, who still believed that Europeans, African and Asians had not been born to sit together in the same hotel dining room. If things have changed so thoroughly in Dar-es-Salam and a violent clash of races avoided, this is due almost entirely to Mr. Nyerere's belief that if racial mixing was still premature, racial social functionalism could be worked out in Tanganyika. This meant that Europeans could stay in the country only if they were able to become a kind of national economic and social aristocracy; that Asians could do the same if they were able to fulfil the role of a national bourgeoisie; the two leaving to the African the political rights and duties of an overwhelming indigenous majority, the ownership of land and national basic resources.

This atmosphere of racial confidence and collaboration has been created by the day-to-day work of a stubborn nationalist who, in less than five years, evolved from the status of a secondary-school teacher to that of unchallenged leader of the whole of Tanganyika. Mr. Julius Nyerere is a man who looks older than his 40 years and is incredibly frail. Out of his person flows that steel-like moral energy which makes him sometimes resemble Gandhi, in spite of his European clothes and his complete lack of "religious" attitude. He is a man who speaks and stands for Truth. He is a political leader with no personal ambition who can teach a mass-meeting of African farmers in the middle of the jungle political and moral principles drawn from Mazzini and Ruskin and not only get away with it, but have a whole party behind him acting up to the slogan that "Duties should be filled before claims are raised."

Mr. Nyerere is as outspoken on Israel as he is on any other subject. He admires her social achievements, her economic progress, her responsible participation in international affairs. He also expects her, like any other country dealing with Tanganyika, to live up to Tanganyika's expectations and code of honour. This means setting an example of social integrity, national and international morality and responsible progress.

In his eyes, as in the eyes of many other African leaders, Israel is more than a country, and represents a unique experience in the "technique of creation" of national hope.

Israel will be welcome in Tanganyika as long as she will live up to her reputation

(This is the first of a series of articles on E. Africa).

SOME BABY!

U.S. property in Cuba has been seized.

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

YESTERDAY'S FRIEND

WORLD BANK LOAN

Ha'aretz (non-party) says that if the conditions for the World Bank loan for the Dead Sea Works remain the same as those indicated by Mr. Horowitz, "they cannot be considered to endanger the interests of Israel. Anyone who favours State ownership of large enterprise in all circumstances can of course object to these conditions as well; but they do not represent a danger to the Israel character of the plant and they ensure a clear Israel majority in its management. The division of profits between the various investors is another question altogether... The national interest demands that profits expected from the country's greatest natural resource not be sold too cheaply. But this is not what concerns Mapam and Ahdut Ha'avoda. They must get used to the idea that the Government cannot own all the large enterprises in the country. If it did, it would have to abandon other important development projects. Moreover, the fact that the Government does not own an enterprise, does not diminish its capacity to influence the management."

The German Issue

Herut says that its anti-German policy is not only the result of the bitter feelings that remain after the murder of the six million, but is also based on an understanding of the character of the Germans. "The external signs of regret for the deeds of their countrymen shown by the present rulers of Germany are undoubtedly made for opportunistic reasons," the paper adds. Commenting on President Luebke's remarks about the Eastern territories, **Herut** writes: "The West German President calls for a revision... And even though he speaks of 'free negotiations among free partners,' no one is fool enough to fail to understand that this sentence was put in for purposes of camouflage. The major aim of the speech was to foster the spirit of revisionism in the German people, just as Hitler fostered it until the time came for a decision by German bayonets... How can the State of Israel consider Germany an ally? How can Israel help build up her military strength, which involves the danger of a new disaster?"

Davar (Histadrut) says that high bank charges and complicated official arrangements impede efforts to export.

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) writes about the lack of pioneering spirit in Israel youth.

Hatzofe (National Religious Party) says that there is no substitute for a national law against the raising of pigs and the sale of pork.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Ha'avoda) calls for a continuation of the schemes to supply children in *ma'barot* and development areas with a glass of milk a day.

Haboker (General Zionist) wonders why the settlement with the people from the Amishav Ma'bara could not have been reached before their demonstration.

Hamodia (Agudat Israel) discusses the controversy between Agudat Israel and Poalei Agudat Israel.

Israel Four-Day Marchers Praised

By HENRIETTE BOAS

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

MAJOR Van den Boon, who has been the Dutch Army's liaison officer with the Israel Armed Forces Four-Day March contingent for some years now, was most impressed by the excellent team spirit and unity of this year's Israel team. He told us this at a reception for the Israel marchers at the Israel Embassy in The Hague, which was attended, *inter alia*, by the Dutch Chief of Staff, General Lefevre de Montagny, by The Hague District Commander and his wife, and, last but not least, by 72-year-old Major Breunese (retired), the initiator and untiring organizer of all the 44 Dutch Four-Day Marches that have been held since 1908. To him it was a great and moving moment when the Israelis sang the Dutch Four-Day Hymn which, despite their strenuous physical exertions, they had managed to learn without any mistakes — and in which Major Breunese joined.

Major Van den Boon says he greatly admired the leadership and sense of responibility of his Israel colleague, Sgan-Aluf Alex Sharon, who had kept the group's spirits up all the time. Moreover, Sharon had considered it his daily task, not only to lead his group throughout the four days of the marching but also, as soon as the group had arrived back at their base and he had taken a shower, to get into Major Van den Boon's car and tour with him the entire circuit to be followed by the marchers the next day. On their return from these tours, which took an average of three hours Sgan-Aluf Sharon lectured his boys and girls, giving freely of his newly-acquired knowledge and occasionally turning to Major Van den Boon, who sat next to him, for assistance.

The result is that these 40 Israelis are now much greater experts on this part of Holland than your own correspondent, whose knowledge of it is extremely hazy.

The Mayor of the village of Wychen, Mr. van Thiel who, like his colleagues in the other villages and townlets on the route, was presented by the Israelis with a Jerusalem Bible, was so impressed by their eagerness to learn about his ancient "town" that he invited them to a special reception on Saturday afternoon, after the end of the march.

A very popular Israeli who was photographed many times was 80-year-old Mr. Yehuda Yuchnowitz, of Mikve Israel, though he had to leave the honour of being the oldest marcher to an 88-year-old Dutchman. He was perhaps the only Israeli to be a little disappointed at the march: the Organizing Committee had allowed him to walk only 30 kilometres day, whereas in Israel he completed 600 kilometres in six days (from Tel Aviv to Metulla and Beersheba in March).

MARGINAL COMMENT

CASTRO and CUBA

By Max Lerner

FIDEL Castro has driven himself very hard ever since his expedition from Mexico to overthrow Batista and seize power. Here is no armchair revolutionist but one who loved always to fight in the mountains and preach in the fields and hold forth tirelessly for hours against the Americans on TV. He has always been a young man in a hurry, especially in recent months, almost as if he had some presentiment that his time was short and he would have to accomplish everything at once before the long night came.

He may, of course, be back in harness for a time, breathing a more fiery fire than ever against whatever and whoever stand in his path. But if he should be out for a long period, or indefinitely, it raises some interesting questions about what will happen to the Cuban revolution without him, and just what is the role of personal leadership in relation to the presumably impersonal forces of history.

★

A RADICAL social revolution needs a man like Lenin or Mao Tse-tung, Cardenas or Castro, both as a driving force and as a symbol to his followers. No social revolution was ever organized and carried through by committee, and even in countries—like Egypt—where a revolutionary junta executed a revolutionary coup, a dominant figure like Nasser had to emerge quickly to take charge and give a single embodiment to the revolution.

Raul Castro, whatever his abilities, is not the man to take over this role. He lacks his brother's assurance, eloquence, presence, and that whole element of "charisma," which is not just a beard encircling a face but a curious mystical leadership quality almost like a halo.

If Castro, in leaving the movement some day, should bequeath it to his brother's keeping in an emotion-laden setting, Raul might keep going as leader for a while. But the magic of leadership doesn't easily rub off from one person to another by an act of grace or a political testament. My guess is that with Fidel's temporary absence from the political scene, the Communists might move into the vacuum even more rapidly than they have been doing. They might find in Che Guevara exactly the man they need and can use, and I suspect he would turn out to be a staunch partisan for their cause.

In short, if anyone believes that Castro's illnes brings the collapse of the regime closer, I fear it is wishful thinking. If the Communists have been able to reach as far into the government, the unions, the cooperatives, the press and radio and TV, the direction of the economy, the national militia if not the army—if, I say, they have been able to reach as far as they have done with Fidel Castro there, they should reach even farther without him.

In fact the time may come very soon when, under the guise of assuring public order and amid the anxiety about Fidel, the hard-faced men who today reap the benefit of Castro's revolution will achieve an actual takeover of it, lock, stock, and barrel.

★

IT would be only a formal change. The Cuban regime today and the Cuban power structure are, if not Communist, then para-Communist—that is to say, they run parallel to a Communist regime. It is useless to say that the land reforms made necessary the crushing of freedom, the silencing of the press, the crowding of the political prisons, the whole Gestapo atmosphere, the air drenched with fear, betrayal, terror. After all, the Mexicans carried through a land revolution and took over the railroads and the mines and the oil. Yet they did not find it necessary to set up a totalitarian regime of terror to do it.

The heart of the Cuban danger to the American republics does not lie in the expropriation of foreign capitalists nor of native big landowners. That is the theme of Castro and his apologists, but it is only a small part of the story. The real danger of Cuba is that by setting up a regime of total terror it is sowing the seeds of its inevitable overthrow, which in turn may embroil the whole region in a nasty war.

New York, August 5.

Ireland Denies German Invasion

By JACK WHITE

DUBLIN (OFNS). — STORIES about a German "economic invasion" of the Irish Republic are causing concern to the Government which fears that they may hamper its plans to attract more foreign industrialists.

Ireland needs to industrialize because her traditionally agricultural economy cannot absorb the natural increase in the population. Emigration (mostly to English industrial cities) has been running at 30,000 to 50,000 a year. To balance her own lack of investment capital and industrial experts, she offers very favourable conditions to foreign firms willing to establish branches in the country.

Under new laws passed in 1959, an approved foreign industry may get a grant of up to two-thirds of the cost of land, buildings and services, and one-third of the cost of machinery, up to a maximum of £250,000, to assist in establishing a factory anywhere in the Republic. An industrialist willing to site his factory in one of the special development areas (chiefly the poor districts on the western seaboard) may get grants covering the full cost of land, buildings, and services, as well as the cost of training workers, and half the cost of plant and machinery. In addition, the proportion of profits derived from export business will be exempted from tax for a period of years. The conditions have proved especially to the liking of the Germans.

German companies with big export orders on their books find it difficult to get the labour they need at home to expand production; companies with profits to invest in expansion find a shortage in West Germany of opportunities for profitable investment. In Ireland they find a country with a stable political regime, a supply of easily-trained labour, good basic services (roads, electricity, etc.), and in a convenient situation for conducting an export business. The Irish Industrial Development Authority has sent missions to Germany repeatedly to bring these opportunities to the notice of industrialists.

Export Orders

The majority of those who accept are interested in filling export orders. Some are influenced by the trade agreement between Ireland and Britain, under which goods manufactured in the Republic get duty-free access to the United Kingdom market; at least one is mainly interested in producing more goods for the *German* market.

At present there are about 16 German companies manufacturing in Ireland, and these include such old-established industries as Siemens-Schuckert, an association that dates back to the construction of the Shannon hydro-electric scheme in 1927. Economists in Dublin scoff at the idea that there is any concerted German effort to penetrate the Irish economy. All the new companies are not only separate, but keep their affairs a close secret from one another and even from the German Embassy in Dublin. And their total investment probably does not equal the investment of a single Dutchman — Cornelis Vereime, who is putting some £3.5m. into building shipyards at Cork Harbour.

Reader's Letters

KFAR KISCH PROGRESS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — On the evening of July 10, Kfar Kisch arranged a festive gathering to celebrate the arrival, three years ago, of 20 Jewish farmers from Poland, with their families. They came with the intention of joining the *moshav* and brought their livestock with them. The addition of these newcomers, with their long experience, knowledge and industry, and the discovery, about the same time, of additional water supplies, were a turning point in the development of Kfar Kisch.

The settlement was founded in 1946; the idea was conceived by men of the 788th Coy. Royal Engineers, the first all-Jewish unit in the British Army, organized and personally supervised by Brigadier Kisch in 1940. Strategic considerations dictated the choice of situation for Kfar Kisch; it was necessary to fill a gap between settlements at the foot of Mt. Tabor. Owing to lack of sufficient water, and difficult living conditions, several of the ex-servicemen left.

The following years were very hard. Additional members joined from the "From Town to Country" movement. The type of settlement was changed and reorganized from a *moshav shitufi* to a *moshav ovdim*, and new houses were built, under the guidance of the Settlement Department of The Jewish Agency.

In the past three years, steady and striking progress has been made in every direction.

Yours, etc.
(MRS.) RUTH KISCH

Haifa, July 31.

INDUSTRIAL NORMS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — I should like to compliment you on realising the importance of raising the quality of management and for presenting the fine articles in your issue of July 15.

I consider it very important, however, that one point be brought to the attention of your readers. The article "When Plant Engineering Pays Off" says:

..."The (Textile) Unit's next step is the introduction of norms and premiums. This will be accomplished by drawing up a record of each worker's individual output, on which can be based his or her norm, and the consequent payment of bonuses for increased production...."

This system of setting "norms" is wrong and has proved disastrous to every incentive scheme based on it. This is because it is unfair to those workers who have applied themselves diligently in the past, and have produced as much as they could. They cannot earn any more after the introduction of the wage incentive scheme, and will receive no bonus. Those workers who have not been diligent will have the opportunity to produce much more, and thereby will be wrongly rewarded by large bonuses.

Norms should be based on an objective measurement of the work content. This can be done by time study methods, using a stop-watch and an evaluation of the times observed, or by standard data, whereby the time required to do the job is established by reconstructing the total operation from minute elements of body movements and standard job components, using tables of predetermined time values.

These systems of work measurement are the only fair basis for setting norms, and are accepted as such by the Histadrut for textiles as well as other industries. These systems have been used all over the world now for more than a generation, and are also well known here in Israel, where technicians have been trained in these techniques by myself and others.

Any system which makes for unevenness in earning potential, as the system outlined in your article will, is bound to fail and will require changing the norms when trouble starts. Changing norms destroys confidence in the system, and causes restriction of output.

A. HALPERN
Management Consultant

Holon, July 18.

LUXURY ITEM

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The ad. Sonol is running about a Mr. Rubin from Tel Aviv disguising himself as a tourist in order to get a little politeness has for once hit the nail right on its head.

Politeness is a luxury item in Israel. Take our shopkeepers for instance. If anyone ever needed to pass a public relations course, they do, but bad. They've never even heard of the saying: "The customer is always right."

Yours, etc.
P. M. SOLOMON

Tel Aviv, August 1.

PEN FRIENDS

STYMIE de WIT, 22, of Voorburgwal 6, Apeldoorn, Holland, would be very pleased to find Israel pen friends about her age. She is in the last form of high-school and would like to correspond in English, French or German.

AT THE CINEMA

Orpheus in the Slums

JERUSALEM has waited a long time for the prize-winning film "Orfeu Negro," but it is at last showing at the Zion Cinema. It is encouraging to find that the hall was sold out on Saturday evening while unusual crowds filed in last night.

The story is a modern Brazilian version of the ancient Greek myth. Orpheus is a coloured tram-driver, who charms animals and children with his guitar and can even make the sun rise with his music. Eurydice is the young village girl who comes to stay with her cousin in the slums on the top of the mountain, the wrong side of Rio's lovely harbour, opposite the famous Sugarloaf. She is trying to escape from an unknown pursuer.

Orpheus and Eurydice fall in love. Their brief passion is played out against the background of the Rio carnival and ends, like the myth, in tragedy. Eurydice's unknown pursuer turns out to be Death, but—unlike the myth—it is Orpheus who kills her accidentally (in the Greek legend she dies from a snake-bite). He brings her body back from the morgue, but plunges to his own death with her body in his arms, when the jealous Mira stones him.

The film is magnificently produced. It is a riot of colour and movement in the carnival scenes—so much so that some people in the audience found themselves feeling quite dazed by the kaleidoscopic sensation.

Apart from the stars themselves, the honours were fully shared by the two small boys who attach themselves to Orfeu, one of whom inherits his guitar. The film closes with this small boy glowing with pride as he, too, makes the sun rise with his music.

F.D.

Arabic Film Goes Modern

THE Egyptian film industry seems to have taken a plunge into the mid-fifties of the 20th century. Like "Ghanat al Khalkhal," reviewed in these columns last month, so again *Banat al Yaum* ("Today's Girls" — Orion, Jerusalem) marks a trend away from conservatism in theme and production, from overlong belly-dancing scenes and endless song sequences. Another unique feature is a fresh new spirit of youth, the only older man being the head of the maternity hospital, capably acted by Munir Saraj. The leading stars are Majda, who plays the doctor's daughter, Abdul Hamid Hafez, the young vocalist, who portrays the gifted musician, and his roommate Ahmed Fathi as the painter. The plot too has been revamped, and the rich doctor does not refuse his daughter's hand to her poor suitor.

Wgt.

Thrilling Thriller

Un Temoin Dans la Ville (Orion, Tel Aviv) is a thriller of the Hitchcock type, which has been directed by Edouard Molinaro, one of the young French directors, who made "Le Dos au Mur."

It opens dramatically with a young woman being pushed out of a train and then passes briefly to the Law Courts where the murderer is acquitted for lack of evidence. Then there steps in the dead woman's husband (Lino Ventura) who, although she betrayed him, determines that justice be done. In a series of really creepy scenes he effects his purpose. But there is a witness in the town. The dead man had previously called a radio taxi-cab to wait for him and the driver sees Ventura's getaway. Henceforward the picture is devoted to the avenger's chase of the witness and since the latter is a taxi-driver there is great play with cabs madly chasing one another through the murky Paris streets, culminating in a hair-raising chase in a zoo, with the birds with their strange faces and stranger cries adding to the terror.

Although there are stretches of somewhat boring inaction, on the whole this thriller is really thrilling. Lino Ventura gives a convincing performance in the main role and the whole will be enjoyed by those who like their nerves to tingle.

Unconvincing Script

Ferry to Hong Kong (Ophir) is all about an exiled Austrian (Curt Jurgens), a confirmed drunkard who is expelled from Hong Kong and refused permission to land at Macao so that he is forced to make his home on the ferry-boat plying between the two cities. The Captain (Orson Welles) detests the drunk and wants to get him off the boat while school-teacher Liz Ferrers (Sylvia Syms), a weekly passenger, decides the drunk is what she needs and tries to get him to the altar. For good measure there is also a typhoon and seizure of the ship by pirates.

Both script and acting are unconvincing and director Lewis Gilbert does not seem to have been able to make up his mind whether the whole thing is a comedy or melodrama. In general this is a pretty poor show. On the credit side, the background of the teeming Hong Kong waterways and streets strikes a note of authenticity while the typhoon scenes are very well managed.

S.W.

3 DAYS TO THE DRAW OF MIFAL HAPAYIS

Sélection — Enventa parieut — Août 1960

★ L'autre Allemagne
★ Rome à l'heure des Olympiques
★ Comment rester marié

ainsi que maintes articles intéressants et un LIVRE CONDENSE

"LA NUIT OU LA MONTAGNE A BRULE"

Prix — 60 agorot

NATURE NOTES

The Jealous Bulbul

THE other day this column got a delightful letter. It began gravely with a compliment for the column's common sense and went on: "This is about a *shiddukh* (a match)." At this point I thought: "Now that is getting a little too much. I simply will not advise on *shiddukhim!*" I read on, however, and soon found the *shiddukh* concerned a bulbul which had been found in the writer's garden, still sparsely feathered and more dead than alive. He had brought it up, and it is only natural, from what we know since Lorenz about imprinting, that the bulbul regards him as its mother. But not only that: Though very tame and trustful — too much so for its own good — it is madly jealous.

I went to see it and could myself observe that when its "foster mother" shows any kindness towards his very charming wife, the bulbul will fly up, peck her painfully, then retreat to the back of a chair and from there deliver himself of most unbulbulish sounds, chattering angrily. It does this too when otherwise offended, and it is very touchy — when I gently tried to remove it from my neck, where it was performing painful operations on my back-hair, it flew on to my hand, pecked it sharply and then gave vent to the same angry sounds.

For the rest, the bird is so quaint and charming you could watch it all day, busily carrying around nesting material stolen from vases and rugs — hence the enquiry about the *shiddukh*: it wants a wife, poor thing — daintily taking morsels off your finger tip, coming to his "foster mother" very readily when called "Bully bully" (but only to him — his wife and I can call ourselves hoarse and he takes no notice) and usually arranging his (the "mother's") hair to its (the bulbul's) liking.

P. A.

WHAT THEY WRITE ABOUT

THE JERUSALEM POST WEEKLY

A CHOICE GIFT

"The nicest present we have ever given ourselves is our subscription to your Weekly. Next to living in Israel I can't imagine any more pleasing way to keep in touch with the exciting accomplishment of our fellow Jews in Israel. It is for this reason that we should like to present four gift subscriptions."

Mrs. Sheldon K. Beren
Denver 4, Colorado.

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